

## MONITORING REPORT

### **JI0078 - CMM utilisation on the Coal Mine № 22 “Kommunarskaya” of the State Holding Joint-Stock Company „GOAO Shakhtoupravlenye Donbass“**

**Monitoring Report 04**  
Monitoring period  
01/05/2012 to 31/12/2012

Version 4  
08 April 2013

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## SECTION A. General project activity information

### A.1 Title of the project activity:

CMM utilisation on the Coal Mine Nr.22 Kommunaraskaya of the State Holding Joint-Stock Company „GOAO Shakhtoupravlenye Donbass“

Table - 1 Parties involved in the project

| Party involved (*)<br>((host) indicates a<br>host Party) | Legal entity project participant (as<br>applicable)                 | Please indicate if the Party<br>involved wishes to be<br>considered as project<br>participant (Yes/No) |
|--|---|--|
| Netherlands  | Carbon-TF B.V.  | no   |
| Ukraine (host)   | PUBLIC JOINT STOCK COMPANY<br>“COLLIERY GROUP “DONBAS” <sup>1</sup> | no   |

### A.2. JI registration number:

**UA2000013, JI0078**

The project is approved as JI-project since 30/12/2009.

([http://ji.unfccc.int/JI\\_Projects/DeterAndVerif/Verification/FinDet.html](http://ji.unfccc.int/JI_Projects/DeterAndVerif/Verification/FinDet.html))

Details of the project approval can be found under Annex I of this Monitoring Report.

### A.3. Short description of the project activity:

In this project CMM (coal mine methane), which has been sucked out of the active coal mine Coal Mine Nr.22 Kommunaraskaya, has been utilised in flares, cogeneration units, boilers and a ventilation air heater. The methane has been burned to less harmful CO<sub>2</sub>. The cogeneration units have generated power which has displaced conventionally produced power and gained an additional amount of CO<sub>2</sub> reductions.

In June 2012 Flare 2 has been shut down and has been moved off the site.

A second cogeneration unit has been installed in June 2012 and started production on 08/06/2012.

The ventilation air heater was working only for a short period of time from October 2012 till December 2012.

Table - 2 Amount of methane utilised for heat and power generation and flaring

| Unit   | Period                | CH <sub>4</sub> [t/period] | Heat generated [MWh] | Power generated [MWh] |
|--------|-----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Flares | 01/05/2012-31/12/2012 | 6,909                      | n.a.                 | n.a.                  |

<sup>1</sup> The name of the project owner changed to PUBLIC JOINT STOCK COMPANY “COLLIERY GROUP “DONBAS”, see Annex 4 for justification

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|                        |                       |              |              |              |
|------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Boilers                | 01/05/2012-31/12/2012 | 739          | 5,327        | n.a.         |
| Ventilation air heater | 01/05/2012-31/12/2012 | 135          | 1,845        | n.a.         |
| Cogeneration units     | 01/05/2012-31/12/2012 | 1,824        | n.a.         | 9,757        |
| <b>Total</b>           | 01/05/2012-31/12/2012 | <b>9,606</b> | <b>7,173</b> | <b>9,757</b> |

Values are taken from overall emission reduction table Excel-Spreadsheet "ER-K22-2012-05-01\_to\_2012-12-31.v2.xls".

#### A.4. Monitoring period:

Start date 01/05/2012

End date 31/12/2012

Start day and end day included.

#### A.5. Methodology applied to the project activity (incl. version number):

##### A.5.1. Baseline methodology:

The approved consolidated methodology ACM0008 / Version 03 "Consolidated baseline methodology for coal bed methane and coal mine methane capture and use for power (electrical or motive) and heat and/or destruction by flaring") has been used with some project specific adjustments to identify the baseline scenario of the proposed JI project [ACM0008].

According to ACM0008 the methodological "Tool to determine project emissions from flaring gases containing methane", EB 28 Meeting report, Annex 13, has been taken for the determination of the project emissions from flaring. In difference to the flaring tool, a combustion efficiency of 99.5%, according to the IPCC guidelines, has been taken into account instead of the default value of 90% as given in the flaring tool.\*

##### A.5.2. Monitoring methodology:

A monitoring plan provided by the "Approved consolidated baseline methodology ACM0008", Version 03, Sectoral Scope: 8 and 10, EB28 is applied to the project [ACM0008]. According to ACM0008 the methodological "Tool to determine project emissions from flaring gases containing methane", EB 28 Meeting report, Annex 13, has been taken for the determination of the project emissions from flaring. In difference to the flaring tool, a combustion efficiency of 99.5%, according to the IPCC guidelines, has been taken into account instead of the default value of 90% as given in the flaring tool.\*

Applicability requirements for the monitoring plan of the ACM0008 methodology are identical to respective requirements of the baseline setting.

*\* The value 99.5% of combustion efficiency was determined during the determination of the project and has not changed since that time.*

**A.6. Status of implementation including time table for major project parts:**

The project installation has been implemented as described in the PDD. The second cogeneration has been installed instead of previously installed flare in June 2012. See A.9. for further details.

*Table - 3 Status of Implementation*

|   |                             |
|---|-----------------------------|
| <b>Unit:</b> Flare 1                          |                             |
| <b>Manufacturer:</b> Pro2 Anlagentechnik GmbH |                             |
| <b>Type:</b> KGU 5/8                          |                             |
| <b>Serial Number:</b> 142301                  |                             |
| <b>Capacity:</b> 10 MW                        |                             |
| <b>Efficiency methane destruction:</b> 99.5%  |                             |
| <b>Combustion temperature:</b> 850°C          |                             |
| <b>Activity</b>                               | <b>Status</b>               |
| Year of construction                          | 2008                        |
| Last inspection                               | 2009 – AS Wärmetechnik GmbH |
| Start of operation                            | 18/12/2008                  |

|   |                           |
|---|---------------------------|
| <b>Unit:</b> Flare 2                          |                           |
| <b>Manufacturer:</b> Pro2 Anlagentechnik GmbH |                           |
| <b>Type:</b> KGU 5/8                          |                           |
| <b>Serial Number:</b> 1256                    |                           |
| <b>Capacity:</b> 8 MW                         |                           |
| <b>Efficiency methane destruction:</b> 99.5%  |                           |
| <b>Combustion temperature:</b> 850°C          |                           |
| <b>Activity</b>                               | <b>Status</b>             |
| Year of construction                          | 2005                      |
| Last inspection                               | 10/08/2010 – Eco Alliance |
| Start of operation                            | 08/08/2010                |
| End of operation                              | 27/06/2012                |

|   |                             |
|---|-----------------------------|
| <b>Unit:</b> Flare 3                          |                             |
| <b>Manufacturer:</b> Pro2 Anlagentechnik GmbH |                             |
| <b>Type:</b> KGU 5/8                          |                             |
| <b>Serial Number:</b> 142401                  |                             |
| <b>Capacity:</b> 10 MW                        |                             |
| <b>Efficiency methane destruction:</b> 99.5%  |                             |
| <b>Combustion temperature:</b> 850°C          |                             |
| <b>Activity</b>                               | <b>Status</b>               |
| Year of construction                          | 2008                        |
| Last inspection                               | 2009 – AS Wärmetechnik GmbH |
| Start of operation                            | 05/11/2010                  |

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|   |               |
|---|---------------|
| <b>Unit:</b> cogeneration unit 1  |               |
| <b>Manufacturer:</b> Pro2 Anlagentechnik GmbH using a gas engine from Deutz AG  |               |
| <b>Type:</b> NC620K16   |               |
| <b>Serial Number:</b> CHP unit:143901; Gas engine: 69886800270                  |               |
| <b>Capacity:</b> 3.750 MW firing, 1.35 MW <sub>el</sub> , 0.93 MW <sub>th</sub> |               |
| <b>Activity</b>   | <b>Status</b> |
| Year of construction  | 2004          |
| Last major overhaul   | June 2008     |
| Last inspection   | none          |
| Start of operation  | 29/01/2009    |
| Planned installation date [PDD]   | 01/2008       |

|   |               |
|---|---------------|
| <b>Unit:</b> cogeneration unit 2  |               |
| <b>Manufacturer:</b> Pro2 Anlagentechnik GmbH using a gas engine from Deutz AG  |               |
| <b>Type:</b> NC620K16   |               |
| <b>Serial Number:</b> CHP unit:167001; Gas engine: 0130183/01                   |               |
| <b>Capacity:</b> 3.750 MW firing, 1.35 MW <sub>el</sub> , 0.93 MW <sub>th</sub> |               |
| <b>Activity</b>   | <b>Status</b> |
| Year of construction  | 2001          |
| Last major overhaul   | March 2012    |
| Last inspection   | none          |
| Start of operation  | 08/06/2012    |
| Planned installation date [PDD]   | 01/2009       |

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>Unit:</b> boilers, 5 identical units, previously coal fired steam boilers, upgraded to hot water production with CMM-burners   |  |
| <b>Manufacturer:</b> Monastyrishchenskiy Mashzavod named after 60-years of October  |  |
| <b>Type:</b> E-1,0-0,9  |  |
| <b>Serial Numbers:</b> Nr.1 - Serial (not visible, but stated in pass) 17998, Inventar (visible) 228648<br>Nr.2 - Serial 10364, Inventar 229444<br>Nr.3 - Inventar 229415<br>Nr.4 - Inventar 228576<br>Nr 5 - Inventar 228944 |  |
| <b>Capacity:</b> 5 x 1 GCal heat production   |  |
| <b>Activity</b>   | <b>Status</b>  |
| Year of construction  | 2008 - 228648 and 229444<br>2009 - 229415, 228576, 228944                |
| Last major overhaul   | none   |
| Last inspection   | none   |
| Start of operation  | October 2008 - 228648 and 229444<br>October 2009 - 29415, 228576, 228944 |
| Planned installation date [PDD]   | 12/2007  |

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The ventilation air heater consists of three modules, two modules of 1.0 MW and one module of 0.75 MW. The modular technology provides better regulation response of the heat production depending on the heat demand.

|   |               |
|---|---------------|
| <b>Unit:</b> ventilation air heater                         |               |
| <b>Manufacturer:</b> Kamensky Zavod                         |               |
| <b>Type:</b> VGS 1,0  |               |
| <b>Serial Numbers:</b> 245969, 245970 two identical modules |               |
| <b>Capacity:</b> 2 x 1.0 MW heat production 245969          |               |
| <b>Activity</b>   | <b>Status</b> |
| Year of construction  | 2009          |
| Last major overhaul   | none          |
| Last inspection   | none          |
| Start of operation  | October 2009  |
| Planned installation date [PDD]                             | 01/2008       |

|  |               |
|--|---------------|
| <b>Unit:</b> ventilation air heater          |               |
| <b>Manufacturer:</b> Promgazapparat          |               |
| <b>Type:</b> KRON - 6U                       |               |
| <b>Serial Numbers:</b> 246216                |               |
| <b>Capacity:</b> 1 x 0.75 MW heat production |               |
| <b>Activity</b>                              | <b>Status</b> |
| Year of construction                         | 2009          |
| Last major overhaul                          | none          |
| Last inspection                              | none          |
| Start of operation                           | October 2009  |
| Planned installation date [PDD]              | 01/2008       |

*Table - 4 Implementation plan*

| <b>unit</b>            | <b>Planned installation date (PDD)</b> | <b>firing capacity</b>         | <b>Date of installation new timetable</b>    | <b>realised firing capacity</b>              |
|------------------------|--|--------------------------------|--|--|
| boiler No: 1 & 2       | 12/2007                                | 2 x 3,150 kW<br>6,300 kW total | 10/2008 – two units<br>10/2009 – three units | 5 x 1,167 kW<br>5,835 kW total               |
| flare No: 1            | 12/2007                                | 5,000 kW                       | 12/2008                                      | 10,000 kW                                    |
| flare No: 2            | -                                      | -                              | 08/2010-06/2012*                             | 8,000 kW                                     |
| flare No: 3            | -                                      | -                              | 10/2010                                      | 10,000 kW                                    |
| ventilation air heater | 1/2008                                 | 3,000 kW                       | 10/2009                                      | 2 x 1,000 kW<br>1 x 750 kW<br>2,750 kW total |

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|                     |        |            |         |            |
|---------------------|--------|------------|---------|------------|
| cogeneration unit 1 | 1/2008 | 1,350 kWel | 12/2008 | 1,350 kWel |
| cogeneration unit 2 | 1/2009 | 1,350 kWel | 06/2012 | 1,350 kWel |

\*) Flare 2 has been removed in June 2012 and replaced with Cogeneration Unit 2

The coordinates given in the PDD uses the SK-42 reference system which uses a slightly different reference ellipsoid than the WGS84 system used by Google. The SK-42 system and the substantial cartography are still in use in the most CIS countries and Ukraine too.

The WGS84 coordinates are:

Main Shaft: 48°07'10" N, 38°13'03" E  
Air Shaft: 48°06'58" N, 38°16'05" E

### **A.7. Intended deviations or revisions to the registered PDD:**

None.

### **A.8. Intended deviations or revisions to the registered monitoring plan:**

A revised monitoring plan has been provided. See <Revised Monitoring Plan-K22.V6a.pdf>

#### **A.8.1 Revisions to the monitoring plan occurred during current monitoring period**

The value of the CO<sub>2</sub> emission factor of fuel used for captive power or heat was changed. The reason for changing is update of the data source. Now for calculation of the factor the value of 25.99 t C/TJ for "Bituminous Coal" is used.

Proposed revision improve the accuracy and applicability of information collected compared to the original monitoring plan without changing conformity with the relevant rules and regulations for the establishment of monitoring plans and selected methodology ACM0008.

#### **A.8.2 Revisions to the monitoring plan determined during previous verifications.**

The calculation of the emission reductions is not calculated on a yearly basis, but for an individual period. See A.4. for detailed data.

Flow data and flare efficiency as well as the methane amount destroyed by flaring MD<sub>Fl</sub> are calculated in 15 min. intervals in Excel sheets. The main emissions variables for project emissions, baseline emissions and emissions reductions are calculated on a monthly basis. Yearly sums and a total sum for the monitoring are calculated.

The formula for the calculation of project emissions from uncombusted methane has been updated. Formulae from the «Methodological "Tool to determine project emissions from flaring gases containing methane"» [AM\_Tool\_07]) have been applied, see Annex 4. The calculation of project emissions from uncombusted methane from flaring is now more accurate.

The heat amount produced by the ventilation air heater is not measured but calculated using the utilised methane amount.

Additionally monitoring procedures applied during the monitoring period are described in Annex 3.

New source for CO<sub>2</sub> emission factor of fuel used for captive power or heat was taken for more applicability as it was published by national authority. The factor is now calculated using the value for “Other Bituminous Coal” of 25.87 t C/TJ from “National Inventory Report of Anthropogenic Emissions from Sources and Absorption by Absorbers of Greenhouse Gases in Ukraine for 1990-2009” Baseline carbon emission factor for other bituminous coal approved in Ukraine.

**A.9. Changes since last verification:**

The Flare 2 which has been installed on 08/08/2010, has been shut down on 27/06/2012 and removed off the site. Second Cogeneration Unit has been installed on 06/2012 and is now using the methane which was previously utilised in Flare 2. The installation plan at the main shaft is now in tune with the PDD.

**A.10. Person(s) responsible for the preparation and submission of the monitoring report:**

PJSC “COLLIERY GROUP “DONBAS”

- Viktor Ivanovich Orlov, Chief Engineer

Eco-Alliance

- Vladimir Kasyanov, Managing Director
- Pavel Shelegheda, Deputy Director
- Aleksandr Didenko, Monitoring Assistant
- Viktor Avtonomov, Monitoring Assistant

Carbon-TF B.V

- Adam Hadulla, Director Business Development
- Karl Wöste, Senior Consultant



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**SECTION B. Key monitoring activities**

**B.1. Monitoring equipment:**

**B.1.2. Table providing information on the equipment used (incl. manufacturer, type, serial number, date of installation, date of last calibration, information to specific uncertainty, need for changes and replacements):**

*Table - 5 Monitoring equipment*

| ID | Data   | Method   | Manufacturer  | Classification                                    | Serial number                       | Range                     | Frequency of Measurement         | Installation                           | Uncertainty level of data           | Calibration procedure  | Last calibration  | Calibrator                                   |
|----|--|--|---|---|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| 1  | CH <sub>4</sub> concentration  | Infrared measurement                           | Pro2 Anlagentechnik GmbH using gas analysers from Emerson Process Management GmbH&Co. OHG | Pro2 SAS1 / BINOS 100                             | 120482003016                        | 0-100% CH <sub>4</sub>    | Continuous record period 15 min. | 2008                                   | 1.5%                                | Yearly calibration made using procedures of Sumy standard metrologya.<br><br>Calibrations made using procedures of Eco Alliance every 2 weeks. | 02/12/2011  | Sumy Standart-metrologya<br><br>Eco-Alliance |
| 2  | NMHC concentration   | lab analysis<br>Gas-phase Chromatograph        | Gazohrom  | LHM-8MD   | 75                                  | 0-100%.                   | yearly                           | n. n.                                  | 2.5%                                | The approved laboratory is responsible for regular recalibrations of the system.   | 07/11/2011<br>19/12/2012  | Donetskstandart metrologya                   |
| 3  | CMM amount to flare 1<br><br>(calculated with meters IDs: 4, 5, 6, 7, 8) | Standard orifice and pressure difference meter | Pro2 Anlagentechnik GmbH  | calculation                                       | n.a.                                | n.a.                      | Continuous record period 15 min. | 2008                                   | calculation                         | none   | n.a.  | n.a.   |
| 4  | Gas flow (flare 1)   | Standard orifice                               | Himpe AG  | annular chamber standard orifice<br><br>DIN 19205 | Rings:361899<br><br>501871 (K22-F1) | 0-2,500 m <sup>3</sup> /h | Continuous record period 15 min. | 2008<br><br>Disk changed on 11/11/2009 | 0.75 %<br><br>DIN EN ISO 5167-T.1-4 | Yearly calibration made using procedures of Sumy Standard metrologya.  | 27/12/2011<br>21/09/2012<br><br>passport to flow meter №501871 (K22-F1) | Sumy standart metrologya                     |

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| ID | Data   | Method   | Manufacturer             | Classification            | Serial number                       | Range           | Frequency of Measurement         | Installation | Uncertainty level of data  | Calibration procedure  | Last calibration   | Calibrator               |
|----|--|--|--------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|--------------|--|--|--|--------------------------|
| 5  | Pressure difference (flare 1)  | Pressure difference transmitter                | Honeywell                | ST3000                    | 08W18<br>C30591540010<br>01         | 0-100 mbar      | Continuous record period 15 min. | 2008         | 0.25%  | Yearly calibration made using procedures of Sumy Standard metrologya.  | 09/12/2011 certificate № 2352<br><br>13/09/2012 certificate № 1717 | Sumy Standart Metrologya |
| 6  | Pressure (flare 1)   | Pressure transmitter Dry ceramic sensor        | Noeding                  | P121-E02-311              | EX812126961                         | 0-250 mbar, rel | Continuous record period 15 min. | 2008         | 0.25%  | Yearly calibration made using procedures of Sumy Standard metrologya.  | 29/12/2011 certificate № 2484<br><br>13/09/2012 certificate № 1719 | Sumy Standart Metrologya |
| 7  | Temperature (flare 1)  | Resistance thermometer                         | JUMO GmbH & Co. KG       | Type 90.2002              | 98026/2                             | -50-250°C       | Continuous record period 15 min. | 2008         | DIN EN 60 751, Class B<br><br>0.3+0.005T                                       | Yearly calibration made using procedures of Sumy Standard metrologya.  | 29/12/2011   | Sumy Standart Metrologya |
| 8  | Flame temperature, Flare 1   | Thermo couple                                  | Herth GmbH               | DIN 43733 Type S, PtRh-Pt | 76205 until 03/09/2012<br><br>81155 | 0-1,700°C       | Continuous record period 15 min. | Sept. 2012   | DIN 43733, Class 2<br><br>0°C - 600°C +/-1.5 K<br><br>600°C - 1600°C +/- 0.25% | Calibration made using procedures of manufacturer, according to DIN 43733.<br><br>No recalibration, thermocouple is supposed to be changed at least one time per year, according to the flaring tool | none   | Herth                    |
| 9  | CMM amount to cogeneration unit (calculated with meters IDs: 10, 11, 12, 13) | Standard orifice and pressure difference meter | Pro2 Anlagentechnik GmbH | calculation               | none                                | n.a.            | Continuous record period 15 min. | 2008         | calculation  | none   | n.a.   | n.a.                     |

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| ID | Data                                       | Method                                     | Manufacturer       | Classification                                | Serial number  | Range                     | Frequency of Measurement                            | Installation | Uncertainty level of data           | Calibration procedure   | Last calibration   | Calibrator               |
|----|--|--|--------------------|---|--|---------------------------|---|--------------|-------------------------------------|---|--|--------------------------|
| 10 | Gas flow<br>(cogeneration unit)            | Standard orifice                           | Himpe AG           | annular chamber standard orifice<br>DIN 19205 | Rings:364581<br><br>491973                                       | 0-1,200 m <sup>3</sup> /h | Continuous record period 15 min.                    | 2008         | 0.57 %<br>DIN EN ISO 5167-T.1-4     | Yearly calibration made using procedures of Sumy Standard metrologya.               | 11/11/2011<br>21/09/2012 passport to flow meter № 491973             | Sumy standart metrologya |
| 11 | Pressure difference<br>(cogeneration unit) | Pressure difference transmitter            | Honeywell          | ST3000  | 08W30<br>C30881000010<br>01                                      | 0-100 mbar                | Continuous record period 15 min.                    | 2008         | 0.25%                               | Yearly calibration made using procedures of Sumy Standard metrologya.               | 11/10/2011 certificate № 2179<br>13/09/2012 certificate № 1716       | Sumy Standart Metrologya |
| 12 | Pressure<br>(cogeneration unit)            | Pressure transmitter<br>Dry ceramic sensor | Noeding            | P121-E02-311                                  | EX812127126  | 0-250 mbar                | Continuous record period 15 min.                    | 2008         | 0.25%                               | Yearly calibration made using procedures of Sumy Standard metrologya.               | 11/10/2011 certificate № 2178<br>13/09/2012 certificate № 1718       | Sumy Standart Metrologya |
| 13 | Temperature<br>(cogeneration unit)         | Resistance thermometer                     | JUMO GmbH & Co. KG | Type 90.2002                                  | TN005115988<br>01264830010<br>0837003<br>(98026 for calibration) | -40-120°C                 | Continuous record period 15 min.                    | 2008         | DIN EN 60751, Class B<br>0.3+0.005T | Yearly calibration made using procedures of Sumy Standard metrologya.               | 11/10/2011<br>11/09/2012 passport to Resistance thermomete r № 98026 | Sumy Standart Metrologya |
| 14 | Power production                           | Electricity meter                          | Actaris            | SL7000<br>Type – SL761C07                     | 53026020   | n.a                       | Continuous, cumulative value<br>Read period monthly | 2009         | 0.5%                                | Initial calibration made by manufacturer.<br>Calibration is spent 1 time in 6 years | 03/2009 passport to Electricity meter                                | Manufacturer             |

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| ID  | Data  | Method   | Manufacturer             | Classification                                | Serial number               | Range                     | Frequency of Measurement         | Installation | Uncertainty level of data      | Calibration procedure   | Last calibration  | Calibrator               |
|-----|---|--|--------------------------|---|-----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|---|---|--------------------------|
| 14a | Power production  | Electronical load counter                      | DEIF                     | PPU   | 103461 G<br>203450000B      | n.a.                      | Continuous, cumulative value     | 2008         | 1%                             | Initial calibration made using procedures of manufacturer. Further calibration isn't needed as this measurement equipment is used for internal (technical) register.            | Initial calibration by manufacturer.                                | Manufacturer             |
| 15  | CMM amount to flare 3<br>(calculated with meters IDs: 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21) | Standard orifice and pressure difference meter | Pro2 Anlagentechnik GmbH | calculation                                   | none                        | n.a.                      | Continuous record period 15 min. | 29/10/2010   |                                | Calculation   | None  | none                     |
| 16  | Gas flow (flare 3)  | Standard orifice                               | Himpe AG                 | annular chamber standard orifice<br>DIN 19205 | 501871 (SG-F1)              | 0-2,500 m <sup>3</sup> /h | Continuous record period 15 min. | 29/10/2010   | 0.75%<br>DIN EN ISO 5167-T.1-4 | Yearly calibration made using procedures of Sumy Standard metrologya.   | 03/10/2011<br>23/10/2012<br>passport to flow meter № 501871 (SG-F1) | Sumy Standart Metrologya |
| 17  | Pressure difference (flare 3)   | Pressure difference transmitter                | Honeywell                | STD-3000                                      | 08W18<br>C30591540010<br>03 | 0-100 mbar                | Continuous record period 15 min. | 29/10/2010   | 0.25%                          | Initial calibration made using procedures of manufacturer.<br><br>Further calibration made using procedures of Sumy standard metrologya.<br><br>Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 30/11/2011 certificate № 2501<br>28/09/2012 certificate № 1807      | Sumystandart-metrologya  |

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| ID | Data                                       | Method                 | Manufacturer               | Classification            | Serial number | Range                  | Frequency of Measurement         | Installation | Uncertainty level of data                | Calibration procedure   | Last calibration   | Calibrator                            |
|----|--|------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|--|---|--|---------------------------------------|
| 18 | Pressure<br>(flare 3)                      | Pressure transmitter   | Noeding                    | P121-E02-311              | EX812126966   | 0-250 mbar, rel        | Continuous record period 15 min. | 29/10/2010   | 0.25%                                    | Initial calibration made using procedures of manufacturer.<br><br>Further calibration made using procedures of Sumy standard metrologiya. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 30/11/2011 certificate № 2502<br><br>28/09/2012 certificate № 1820       | Sumystandart-metrologiya              |
| 19 | Temperature<br>(flare 3)                   | Resistance thermometer | JUMO GmbH                  | dTRANS TO1 Typ 90.2820/10 | 4571/1        | -50-250°C              | Continuous record period 15 min. | 29/10/2010   | DIN EN 60 751, Class B<br><br>0.3+0.005T | Initial calibration made using procedures of manufacturer.<br><br>Further calibration made using procedures of Sumy standard metrologiya. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 30/11/2011<br><br>23/10/2012 passport to Resistance thermometer № 4571/1 | Sumystandart-metrologiya              |
| 20 | CH <sub>4</sub> concentration<br>(flare 3) | Infrared meter         | Pro 2 Anlagen-technik GmbH | BINOS 100                 | 120482003017  | 0-100% CH <sub>4</sub> | Continuous record period 15 min. | 29/10/2010   | 1.5%                                     | Yearly calibration made using procedures of Sumy standard metrologiya.<br><br>Calibrations made using procedures of Eco Alliance every 2 weeks.                           | 02/12/2011<br><br>10/12/2012 passport to gasanalyzer № 120482003 017     | Eco-Alliance Sumystandart-metrologiya |

**MONITORING REPORT FORM**

| ID | Data  | Method   | Manufacturer             | Classification                                    | Serial number                   | Range                     | Frequency of Measurement         | Installation           | Uncertainty level of data  | Calibration procedure  | Last calibration                           | Calibrator               |
|----|---|--|--------------------------|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|--------------------------|
| 21 | Flame temperature, flare 3  | Thermo couple                                  | Herth GmbH               | DIN 43733, Type S, PtRh-Pt                        | 76538 until 30/07/2012<br>81154 | 0-1,700°C                 | Continuous record period 15 min. | Aug. 2011<br>Jul. 2012 | DIN 43733, Class 2<br>0°C - 600°C +/-1.5 K<br>600°C - 1600°C +/- 0.25% | Calibration made using procedures of manufacturer.<br><br>No recalibration, thermocouple is supposed to be changed at least one time per year, according to the flaring tool | none                                       | Herth                    |
| 22 | CMM amount to flare 2<br><br>(calculated with meters IDs: 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28) | Standard orifice and pressure difference meter | Pro2 Anlagentechnik GmbH | calculation                                       | none                            | n.a.                      | Continuous record period 15 min. | 08/2010                |  | Calculation  | none                                       | none                     |
| 23 | Gas flow (flare 2)  | Standard orifice                               | Himpe AG                 | annular chamber standard orifice<br><br>DIN 19205 | 486343                          | 0-2,500 m <sup>3</sup> /h | Continuous record period 15 min. | 13/11/2009             | 0.75%<br><br>DIN EN ISO 5167-T.1-4                                     | Yearly calibration made using procedures of Sumy standard metrologya.  | 18/10/2011 passport to flow meter № 486343 | Sumy Standart Metrologya |
| 24 | Pressure difference (flare 2)   | Pressure difference transmitter                | Honeywell                | STD-3000  | 0609<br>C28014130010<br>01      | 0-100 mbar                | Continuous record period 15 min. | 03/2009                | 0.25%  | Yearly calibration made using procedures of Sumy standard metrologya.  | 18/10/2011 certificate № 2005              | Sumy Standart Metrologya |
| 25 | Pressure (flare 2)  | Pressure transmitter                           | Noeding                  | P 121-EB4-311                                     | Ex612124593                     | 0-250 mbar, rel           | Continuous record period 15 min. | 03/2009                | 0.25%  | Yearly calibration made using procedures of Sumy standard metrologya.  | 18/10/2011 certificate № 2006              | Sumy Standart Metrologya |
| 26 | Temperature (flare 2)   | Resistance thermometer                         | JUMO GmbH                | dTRANS TO1<br>Typ 90.2820/10                      | 4571                            | -50-150°C                 | Continuous record period 15 min. | 03/2009                | DIN EN 60751, Class B<br><br>0.3+0.005T                                | Yearly calibration made using procedures of Sumy standard metrologya.  | 18/10/2011                                 | Sumy Standart Metrologya |

**MONITORING REPORT FORM**

| ID | Data  | Method   | Manufacturer               | Classification                                | Serial number | Range                      | Frequency of Measurement         | Installation | Uncertainty level of data  | Calibration procedure   | Last calibration                              | Calibrator  |
|----|---|--|----------------------------|---|---------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|--|---|---|---|
| 27 | CH <sub>4</sub> concentration<br>(flare 2)                            | Infrared meter                                 | Pro 2 Anlagen-technik GmbH | BINOS 100                                     | 49939003      | 0-100% CH <sub>4</sub>     | Continuous record period 15 min. | 03/2009      | 1.5%   | Yearly calibration made using procedures of Sumy standard metrologya.<br><br>Calibrations made using procedures of Eco Alliance every 2 weeks.                                  | 19/12/2011 passport to gasanalyzer № 49939003 | Sumy Standart Metrologya<br><br>Eco-Alliance      |
| 28 | Flame temperature, flare 2  | Thermo couple                                  | Herth GmbH                 | DIN 43733, Type S, PtRh-Pt                    | 77056         | 0-1,700°C                  | Continuous record period 15 min. | Oct. 2011    | DIN 43733, Class 2<br>0°C - 600°C +/-1.5 K<br><br>600°C - 1600°C +/- 0.25% | Calibration made using procedures of manufacturer.<br><br>No recalibration, thermocouple is supposed to be changed at least one time per year, according to the flaring tool    | n.a.  | Herth   |
| 29 | CMM amount to boilers<br>(calculated with meters IDs: 30, 31, 32, 33) | Standard orifice and pressure difference meter | ECO-Alliance               | calculation                                   | none          |                            | Continuous record period 15 min. | 05/2010      | n.a.   | Calculation   | n.a.  | n.a.  |
| 30 | Gas flow (boilers)  | Standard orifice                               | PRPE "Energoteh"           | Annular chamber standard orifice<br>DIN 19205 | 40            | 0-2,000 m <sup>3</sup> /h, | Continuous record period 15 min. | 05/2010      | none   | Initial calibration made using procedures of manufacturer.<br><br>Further calibration made using procedures of Sumy standard metrologya.<br><br>Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 17/04/2012 passport to flow meter № 40        | PRPE "Energoteh"<br><br>Sumy standard metrologya. |

**MONITORING REPORT FORM**

| <b>ID</b> | <b>Data</b>                   | <b>Method</b>                   | <b>Manufacturer</b> | <b>Classification</b> | <b>Serial number</b> | <b>Range</b>   | <b>Frequency of Measurement</b>  | <b>Installation</b> | <b>Uncertainty level of data</b> | <b>Calibration procedure</b>   | <b>Last calibration</b>                               | <b>Calibrator</b>                             |
|-----------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|--|---|---|
| 31        | Pressure difference (boilers) | Pressure difference transmitter | Siemens             | SITRANS P DS III      | N1-AO11-9174903      | 0-60 mbar      | Continuous record period 15 min. | 04/2011             | 0.0375 %                         | Initial calibration made using procedures of manufacturer. Further calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrologiya. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 11/04/2012 certificate № 676                          | Sumy standard metrologiya.                    |
| 32        | Pressure (boilers)            | Pressure transmitter            | Noeding             | P 121 E02-311         | Ex812127127          | 0-250 mbar rel | Continuous record period 15 min. | 05/2010             | 0.25%                            | Initial calibration made using procedures of manufacturer. Further calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrologiya. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 11/04/2012 certificate № 680                          | Sumy standard metrologiya.                    |
| 33        | Temperature (boilers)         | Resistance thermometer          | AOZT «TERA»         | TSP U 1-3             | 09453                | -50-250°C      | Continuous record period 15 min. | 05/2010             | 0.5%                             | Initial calibration made using procedures of manufacturer. Further calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrologiya. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 11/04/2012 passport to Resistance thermometer № 09453 | AOZT «TERA»<br><br>Sumy standard metrologiya. |
| 34        | Heat production boilers       | Calculation                     | ECO-Alliance        | none                  | none                 | n.a.           | Continuous record period 15 min. | 11/2010             | none                             | calculation  | n.a.  | n.a.  |



**MONITORING REPORT FORM**

| ID | Data                                  | Method                          | Manufacturer     | Classification                                | Serial number    | Range                       | Frequency of Measurement         | Installation | Uncertainty level of data | Calibration procedure  | Last calibration                       | Calibrator                                  |
|----|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|---|------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|--|--|---|
| 35 | Hot water flow (boilers)              | Standard orifice                | PRPE "Energoteh" | Annular chamber standard orifice<br>DIN 19205 | 41               | 46,42-250 m <sup>3</sup> /h | Continuous record period 15 min. | 11/2010      | none                      | Initial calibration made using procedures of manufacturer. Further calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrologiya. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 17/04/2012 passport to flow meter № 41 | "Energoteh"<br><br>Sumystandart-metrologiya |
| 36 | Pressure of hot water (the - chamber) | Pressure difference transmitter | Siemens          | SITRANS P Serie Z<br>7MF1564                  | AZB/XD18838<br>8 | 0-10 bar abs                | Continuous record period 15 min. | 11/2010      | 0.25%                     | Initial calibration made using procedures of manufacturer. Further calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrologiya. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 11/04/2012 certificate № 677           | Siemens<br><br>Sumystandart-metrologiya     |
| 37 | Pressure of hot water (the + chamber) | Pressure transmitter            | Siemens          | SITRANS P Serie Z<br>7MF1564                  | AZB/XD18838<br>7 | 0-10 bar abs                | Continuous record period 15 min. | 11/2010      | 0.25%                     | Initial calibration made using procedures of manufacturer. Further calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrologiya. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 11/04/2012 certificate № 678           | Siemens<br><br>Sumystandart-metrologiya     |

**MONITORING REPORT FORM**

| ID | Data   | Method   | Manufacturer     | Classification                             | Serial number | Range      | Frequency of Measurement         | Installation | Uncertainty level of data | Calibration procedure  | Last calibration                                      | Calibrator                                  |
|----|--|--|------------------|--|---------------|------------|----------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|--|---|---|
| 38 | Temperature on an input (boilers)                              | Resistance thermometer                         | AOZT «TERA»      | TSP U 1-3                                  | 09454         | -50-250°C  | Continuous record period 15 min. | 11/2010      | 0.5%                      | Initial calibration made using procedures of manufacturer. Further calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrologiya. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 11/04/2012 passport to Resistance thermometer № 09454 | AOZT «TERA»<br><br>Sumystandart-metrologiya |
| 39 | Temperature of hot water                                       | Resistance thermometer                         | AOZT «TERA»      | TSP U 1-3                                  | 09439         | -50-250°C  | Continuous record period 15 min. | 11/2010      | 0.5%                      | Initial calibration made using procedures of manufacturer. Further calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrologiya. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 11/04/2012 passport to Resistance thermometer № 09439 | AOZT «TERA»<br><br>Sumystandart-metrologiya |
| 40 | CMM amount to VAH (calculated with meters IDs: 41, 42, 43, 44) | Standard orifice and pressure difference meter | ECO-Alliance     | none                                       | none          | n.a.       | Continuous record period 15 min. | 05/2010      | none                      | calculation  | n.a.  | n.a.  |
| 41 | Gas flow (VAH)   | Standard orifice                               | PRPE "Energoteh" | Annular chamber standard orifice DIN 19205 | 39            | 0-800 m³/h | Continuous record period 15 min. | 05/2010      | none                      | Initial calibration made using procedures of manufacturer. Further calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrologiya. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 17/04/2012 passport to flow meter № 39                | "Energoteh"<br><br>Sumystandart-metrologiya |

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| ID | Data   | Method   | Manufacturer             | Classification   | Serial number   | Range              | Frequency of Measurement         | Installation | Uncertainty level of data | Calibration procedure  | Last calibration                                      | Calibrator                                  |
|----|--|--|--------------------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|--|---|---|
| 42 | Pressure difference (VAH)  | Pressure difference transmitter                | Siemens                  | SITRANS P DS III | N1-AO11-9174904 | 0-60 mBar          | Continuous record period 15 min. | 04/2011      | 0.0375 %                  | Initial calibration made using procedures of manufacturer. Further calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrologiya. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 11/04/2012 certificate № 671                          | Siemens<br><br>Sumy standard metrologiya.   |
| 43 | Pressure (VAH)   | Pressure transmitter                           | Noeding                  | P 121 EE5-311    | Ex812126972     | -500-250 mBar, rel | Continuous record period 15 min. | 04/2011      | 0.25%                     | Initial calibration made using procedures of manufacturer. Further calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrologiya. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 11/04/2012 certificate № 679                          | Noeding<br><br>Sumystandart-metrologiya     |
| 44 | Temperature (VAH)  | Resistance thermometer                         | AOZT «TERA»              | TSP U 1-3        | 09441           | -50-250°C          | Continuous record period 15 min. | 05/2010      | 0.5%                      | Initial calibration made using procedures of manufacturer. Further calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrologiya. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 11/04/2012 passport to Resistance thermometer № 09441 | AOZT «TERA»<br><br>Sumystandart-metrologiya |
| 45 | CMM amount to cogeneration unit 2 (calculated with meters IDs: 46, 47, 48, 49) | Standard orifice and pressure difference meter | Pro2 Anlagentechnik GmbH | calculation      | none            | n.a.               | Continuous record period 15 min. | 2012         | calculation               | none   | n.a.  | n.a.  |

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| ID | Data                                       | Method                                     | Manufacturer       | Classification                                    | Serial number    | Range                     | Frequency of Measurement         | Installation | Uncertainty level of data           | Calibration procedure   | Last calibration | Calibrator   |
|----|--|--|--------------------|---|------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|---|------------------|--------------|
| 46 | Gas flow<br>(cogeneration unit)            | Standard orifice                           | Himpe AG           | annular chamber standard orifice<br><br>DIN 19205 | 486343           | 0-1,200 m <sup>3</sup> /h | Continuous record period 15 min. | June 2012    | 0.57 %<br>DIN EN ISO 5167-T.1-4     | Yearly calibration made using procedures of manufacturer.<br><br>Calibration frequency – 1 year.  | By manufacturer  | Himpe AG     |
| 47 | Pressure difference<br>(cogeneration unit) | Pressure difference transmitter            | Honeywell          | ST3000  | 8716-00698798004 | 0-400 mbar                | Continuous record period 15 min. | June 2012    | 0.25%                               | Yearly calibration made using procedures of manufacturer.<br><br>Calibration frequency – 1 year.  | By manufacturer  | Honeywell    |
| 48 | Pressure<br>(cogeneration unit)            | Pressure transmitter<br>Dry ceramic sensor | Noeding            | P121-EE5-311                                      | EX812127135      | 0-250 mbar                | Continuous record period 15 min. | June 2012    | 0.25%                               | Yearly calibration made using procedures of manufacturer.<br><br>Calibration frequency – 1 year.  | By manufacturer  | Noeding      |
| 49 | Temperature<br>(cogeneration unit)         | Resistance thermometer                     | JUMO GmbH & Co. KG | Type 90.2002                                      | 12/11            | -40-120°C                 | Continuous record period 15 min. | June 2012    | DIN EN 60751, Class B<br>0.3+0.005T | Yearly calibration made using procedures of manufacturer.<br><br>Calibration frequency – 1 year.  | By manufacturer  | Jumo         |
| 50 | Power production                           | Electricity meter                          | Landis & Gyr       | ZMB210DR58  | 67 460 277       | n.a                       | Continuous, cumulative value     | June 2012    | 0.5%                                | Initial calibration made by manufacturer.   | By manufacturer  | Manufacturer |
| 51 | Power production                           | Electronical load counter                  | DEIF               | AGC   | 500040675.10     | n.a.                      | Continuous, cumulative value     | June 2012    | 1%                                  | Initial calibration made by manufacturer. Further calibration isn't needed as this measurement equipment is used for internal (technical) register. | By manufacturer  | Manufacturer |

For some meters the calibration was made not exactly on date as per calibration frequency mentioned in the table because of delays in the work of calibration organization.

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### B.1.3. Involvement of Third Parties:

- The lab analysis for the determination of the NMHC concentration has been done by MAKNI
- The gas chromatograph for NMHC analysis has been calibrated by Donetskstandartmetrologiya
- Initial calibrations have been provided by the manufacturers, further calibrations have been done by Sumystandartmetrologiya.
- Regular calibration of CH<sub>4</sub>-concentration has been done by Eco Alliance
- Eco-Alliance supported the coal mine with the collecting of the monitoring data.
- Carbon-TF B.V. supervised the data for plausibility and completeness.

### B.2. Data collection (accumulated data for the whole monitoring period):

#### B.2.1. List of fixed default values:

Table - 6 List of ex-ante fixed values

| ID number                         | Data variable  | Source of data  | Data unit                              | Comment  |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| P8, B49<br>CEF <sub>ELEC,PJ</sub> | Carbon dioxide emission factor of CONS <sub>ELEC,PJ</sub>    | National Environmental Investment Agency of Ukraine, NEIA | tCO <sub>2eq</sub> /MWh                | Official Ukrainian data have been published on12/05/2011 at the NEIA website. According to the information given in the PDD these data are taken into account.<br><br>Set to: 1.063 t CO <sub>2</sub> / MWh for 2012.<br><br>Value for thermal power plants which are connected to the Ukrainian Power grid.<br>[NEIA] |
| P13<br>Eff <sub>FL</sub>          | Flare combustion efficiency                                  | monitored data, revised monitoring plan                   | %                                      | Set to:<br>99.5 % for: T <sub>Flame</sub> > 850°C [PDD, ACM0008/IPCC]<br>90% for:<br>500°C < T <sub>Flame</sub> < 850°C [AM_Tool_07]<br>0% for:<br>T <sub>Flame</sub> < 500°C [AM_Tool_07]   |
| P16<br>Eff <sub>ELEC</sub>        | Efficiency of methane destruction / oxidation in power plant | ACM0008 / IPCC  | %                                      | set at 99.5% (IPCC)  |
| P19<br>Eff <sub>HEAT</sub>        | Efficiency of methane destruction / oxidation in heat plant  | ACM0008 / IPCC  | %                                      | set at 99.5% (IPCC)  |
| P23, B19<br>CEF <sub>CH4</sub>    | Carbon dioxide emission factor for combusted methane         | ACM0008 / IPCC  | t CO <sub>2eq</sub> /t CH <sub>4</sub> | set at 2.75 t CO <sub>2eq</sub> /t CH <sub>4</sub>   |
| P28, B18<br>GWP <sub>CH4</sub>    | Global warming potential of methane                          | ACM0008 / IPCC  | t CO <sub>2eq</sub> /t CH <sub>4</sub> | set at 21  |

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|                            |  |  |                              |  |
|----------------------------|--|--|------------------------------|--|
| B55<br>EF <sub>HEAT</sub>  | CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor of fuel used for captive power or heat | National Inventory Report of Anthropogenic Emissions from Sources and Absorption by Absorbers of Greenhouse Gases in Ukraine for 1990-2010 | tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh        | set to 0.3298 tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh<br>Using the value for "Bituminous Coal" of 25.99 t C/TJ, [NEIA-2] |
| B57<br>Eff <sub>COAL</sub> | Energy efficiency of previously coal fired heat plant                  | Technical report   | %                            | 86 % upgraded boiler (measured value)  |
| Eff <sub>VAH</sub>         | Efficiency of the heat generation by ventilation air heater            | Technical report   | %                            | Set to 74.2% (measured value)  |
| HV <sub>CH4</sub>          | Heating value of methane   | DIN EN ISO 6976  | kWh/m <sup>3</sup><br>MWh/kg | set to 9.965 kWh/m <sup>3</sup><br>equal to 13.899 MWh/kg  |

**B.2.2. List of variables:**

*Table - 7 List of variables*

| ID number                     | Data variable  | Source of data | Data unit           | Comment  |
|-------------------------------|--|----------------|---------------------|--|
| P1<br>PE                      | Project emissions  | monitored data | tCO <sub>2eq</sub>  | calculated using formula (1) from the revised Monitoring Plan  |
| P2<br>PE <sub>ME</sub>        | Project emissions from energy use to capture and use methane | monitored data | tCO <sub>2eq</sub>  | calculated using formula (2) from the revised Monitoring Plan  |
| P3<br>PE <sub>MD</sub>        | Project emissions from methane destroyed                     | monitored data | tCO <sub>2eq</sub>  | calculated using formula (3) from the revised Monitoring Plan  |
| P4<br>PE <sub>UM</sub>        | Project emissions from uncombusted methane                   | monitored data | tCO <sub>2eq</sub>  | calculated using formula (9) from the revised Monitoring Plan  |
| P5<br>CONS <sub>ELEC,PJ</sub> | Additional electricity consumption by project                | power meter    | MWh                 | measured   |
| P11<br>MD <sub>FL</sub>       | Methane destroyed by flaring                                 | monitored data | t CH <sub>4</sub>   | calculated using formula (5) from the revised Monitoring Plan  |
| P12<br>MM <sub>FL</sub>       | Methane sent to flare  | flow meter     | t CH <sub>4</sub>   | measured   |
| PE <sub>Flare</sub>           | Project emissions from flaring                               | monitored data | t CO <sub>2eq</sub> | calculated using formula (9a) from the revised Monitoring Plan |
| T <sub>Flame</sub>            | Flame temperature of the flare                               | thermo couple  | °C                  | measured   |
| P14<br>MD <sub>ELEC</sub>     | Methane destroyed by power generation                        | monitored data | t CH <sub>4</sub>   | calculated using formula (6) from the revised Monitoring Plan  |
| P15<br>MM <sub>ELEC</sub>     | Methane sent to power plant                                  | flow meter     | t CH <sub>4</sub>   | measured   |

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|                            |  |                |                                      |  |
|----------------------------|--|----------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| P17<br>MD <sub>HEAT</sub>  | Methane destroyed by heat generation   | monitored data | t CH <sub>4</sub>                    | calculated using formula (7) from the revised Monitoring Plan                |
| P18<br>MM <sub>HEAT</sub>  | Methane sent to heat generation  | monitored data | t CH <sub>4</sub>                    | calculated using formula (7a) from the revised Monitoring Plan               |
| MM <sub>Boiler</sub>       | Methane sent to boilers  | flow meter     | t CH <sub>4</sub>                    | measured   |
| MM <sub>VAH</sub>          | Methane sent to ventilation air heater   | flow meter     | t CH <sub>4</sub>                    | measured   |
| P24<br>CEF <sub>NMHC</sub> | Carbon dioxide emission factor for combusted non methane hydrocarbons (various)                              | lab analysis   | t CO <sub>2</sub> /t <sub>NMHC</sub> | Calculated if applicable   |
| P25<br>PC <sub>CH4</sub>   | Concentration of methane in extracted gas  | IR measurement | %                                    | measured   |
| P26<br>PC <sub>NMHC</sub>  | NMHC concentration in coal mine gas  | lab analysis   | %                                    | Used to check if more than 1% of emissions and to calculate r, if applicable |
| P27<br>r                   | Relative proportion of NMHC compared to methane  | lab analysis   | %                                    | Calculated if applicable, based on the lab analysis.                         |
| B1<br>BE                   | Baseline emissions   | monitored data | t CO <sub>2eq</sub>                  | calculated using formula (10) from the revised Monitoring Plan               |
| B3<br>BE <sub>MR</sub>     | Baseline emissions from release of methane into the atmosphere that is avoided by the project activity       | monitored data | t CO <sub>2eq</sub>                  | calculated using formula (14) from the revised Monitoring Plan               |
| B4<br>BE <sub>Use</sub>    | Baseline emissions from the production of power, heat or supply to gas grid replaced by the project activity | monitored data | t CO <sub>2eq</sub>                  | calculated using formula (24) from the revised Monitoring Plan               |
| B14<br>CMM <sub>PJ</sub>   | CMM captured and destroyed in the project activity   | monitored data | t CH <sub>4</sub>                    | calculated using formula (14a) from the revised Monitoring Plan              |
| B46<br>GEN                 | electricity generation by project  | power meter    | MWh                                  | measured   |
| B47<br>HEAT                | Heat generation by project   | monitored data | MWh                                  | calculated using formula (25) from the revised Monitoring Plan               |
| HEAT <sub>Boiler</sub>     | Heat generation by boilers   | heat meter     | MWh                                  | measured   |
| HEAT <sub>VAH</sub>        | Heat generation by Ventilation Air Heater  | monitored data | MWh                                  | calculated using formula (26) from the revised Monitoring Plan               |

**B.2.3. Data concerning GHG emissions by sources of the project activity**

*Table - 8 GHG emissions by sources of the project activity*

| ID number               | Data variable         | Source of data | Data unit         | Comment                  |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| P12<br>MM <sub>FL</sub> | Methane sent to flare | monitored data | t CH <sub>4</sub> | Sum of three flow meters |

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|                           |   |                |                   |  |
|---------------------------|---|----------------|-------------------|--|
| P15<br>MM <sub>ELEC</sub> | Methane sent to power plant               | flow meter     | t CH <sub>4</sub> | measured   |
| P18<br>MM <sub>HEAT</sub> | Methane sent to heat generation           | monitored data | t CH <sub>4</sub> | calculated using formula (7a) from the revised Monitoring Plan |
| P25<br>PC <sub>CH4</sub>  | Concentration of methane in extracted gas | IR measurement | %                 | measured   |
| P26<br>PC <sub>NMHC</sub> | NMHC concentration in coal mine gas       | lab analysis   | %                 | Used to check if more than 1% of emissions and to calculate r. |

### B.2.4. Data concerning GHG emissions by sources of the baseline

Table - 9 GHG emissions by sources of the baseline

| ID number                | Data variable                                      | Source of data     | Data unit         | Comment                                     |
|--------------------------|--|--------------------|-------------------|---|
| B14<br>CMM <sub>PJ</sub> | CMM captured and destroyed in the project activity | Sum of flow meters | t CH <sub>4</sub> | sum of boilers, VAH, flare and cogeneration |
| B47<br>HEAT              | Heat generation by project                         | monitored data     | MWh               | sum of heat generated by boiler + VAH       |
| B46<br>GEN               | electricity generation by project                  | monitored data     | MWh               | measured                                    |

### B.2.5. Data concerning leakage

Not applicable.

### B.2.6. Data concerning environmental impacts

PJSC "COLLIERY GROUP "DONBAS" is the owner of two coal mines, coal mine Shcheglovskaya-Glubokaya and Coal Mine Nr 22 Kommunaraskaya. PJSC "COLLIERY GROUP "DONBAS started works on reducing greenhouse gas emissions already in 2006. As first pilot CMM utilisation two previously coal fired boilers at the coal mine Shcheglovskaya-Glubokaya have been upgraded with CMM burning systems. This early action has been verified as Greening AAU's. In the second phase further CMM utilisation units followed and the second JI project at Coal Mine Nr 22 Kommunaraskaya was initiated. At the time nearly all of the CMM from the suction system of both coal mines is utilised and no longer blown into atmosphere.

### B.3. Data processing and archiving (incl. software used):

Three different but similar systems are used for electronically data collection.

Data from the boilers and the VAH are collected, processed and stored using a Siemens SIMATIC PLC S7 system and Siemens WINCC programming software. All data is stored in the internal memory about 2 GB. One time per hour the data are sent via GPS to an Internet-based Server data base. Eco-Alliance ensures regular back up's and archiving. The data can be read any time from the internet data base by authorised personnel. The utilised methane amount is automatically calculated and stored in the PLC. As all input data are stored, the automatically calculation can be checked in retrospect any time.

Data from the flare and the cogeneration unit are collected, processed and stored using a Siemens SIMATIC PLC S7 system and Siemens WINCC programming software. All data is stored in the internal



memory about 2 GB. The data are read daily by Kuhse GmbH via GPS and stored in the Kuhse database in Germany. The data can be viewed any time using special access software provided by Kuhse. Kuhse ensures regular back ups and archiving. The data are regularly reviewed by Carbon-TF and Eco-Alliance. Carbon-TF provides regularly storing and archiving of the data as well as regularly transfer to Excel sheets for analysis, evaluation and reporting procedures.

The data can be read any time from the Kuhse data base by authorised personnel. The utilised methane amount is automatically calculated and stored in the PLC. As all input data are stored, the automatically calculation can be checked in retrospect any time.

The CMM flow to the cogeneration unit is not registered by the PLC of the unit. The data are recorded by a DAVID System (Data acquisition and visualisation device) developed by the Fraunhofer Institute UMSICHT. The data are stored in the internal memory of the DAVID. One time per day the data are recalled via GPS to the central data base at the Fraunhofer Institute and are available via an internet front end. The server provider ensures regular backups and archiving.

For plausibility checks and potential data backup, data recorded by coal mine personnel in hand written journals can be taken. The journals are stored by the coal mine.

**B.4. Special event log:**

None.

**SECTION C. Quality assurance and quality control measures**

**C.1. Documented procedures and management plan:**

**C.1.1. Roles and responsibilities:**

The general project management is implemented by the Technical Director of PJSC “COLLIERY GROUP “DONBAS”, the Holding Company of the Coal Mine Nr.22 Kommunaraskaya, through supervision and coordination of activities of his subordinates, such as deputy director on surface degasification, heat technician, and heads of safety engineering departments.

Daily a group of mechanics and electricians who are responsible for the measures and maintenance of all technological equipment and measuring instruments are present on-site. The operation and maintenance of the plant is provided by Eco Alliance.

The monitoring system is supervised by the administration of the coal mine under the existing control and reporting system. The general supervision of the electronically monitoring system is executed by Carbon-TF.

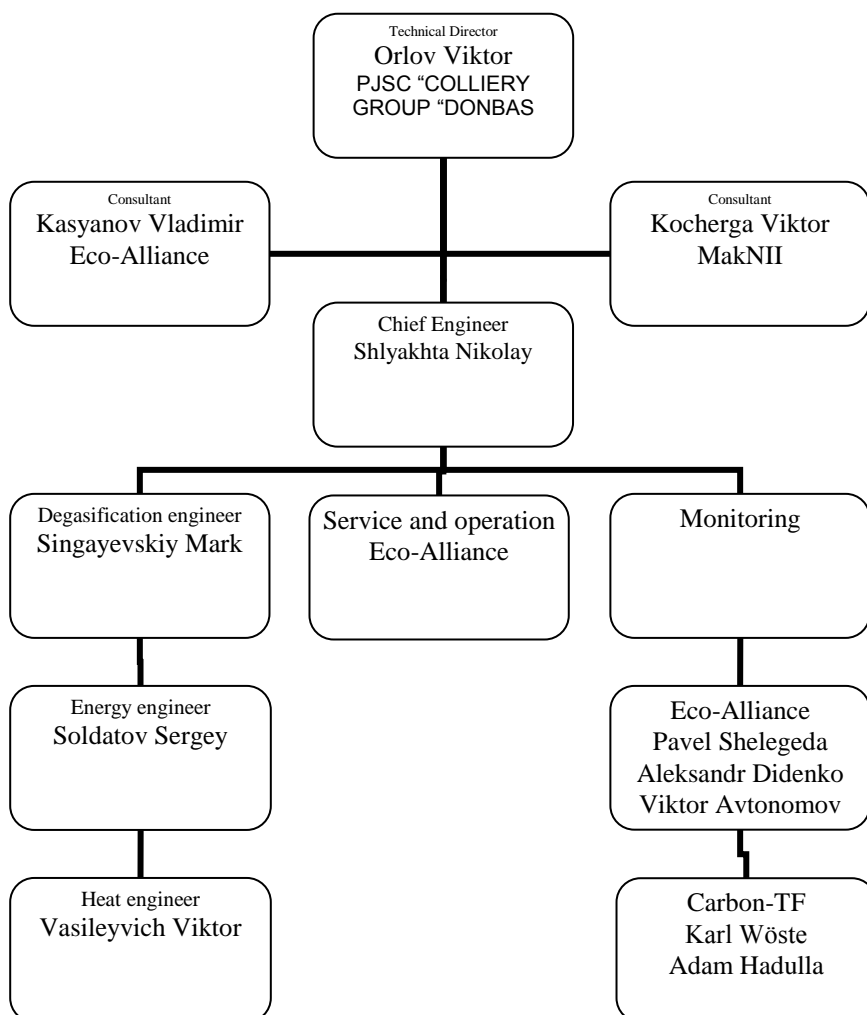


Figure 1 – Organigram

**C.1.2. Trainings:**

The employees responsible for the monitoring control have been trained on-the-job during the installation of the system.

The responsible personnel of Eco-Alliance has been trained on the handling with CMM-utilisation units and the applied monitoring systems, during an eight week long practical course in Germany in the autumn of 2005 and a two-week practical course in August/September 2008. In this courses which has been carried out by A-TEC Anlagentechnik GmbH, a Joint-Venture participant of Eco-Alliance, also the basic principles of emissions trading and the background of the monitoring has been explained. A-TEC Anlagentechnik GmbH is already running several CMM utilisation plants and monitoring systems in Germany.

These trained personnel is the basis of a team of engineers, which should establish a specialised service team in the Ukraine and instruct further operating and monitoring personnel, as well for this project.

During current monitoring period no new personnel were employed so no new training was conducted.

**C.2. Involvement of Third Parties:**

- MakNII Institute, the "State Makeyevka Institute for Research and Education for Safe Work in the Coal Mining Industry", a subsidiary of the "Ukrainian Ministry for Fuel and Energy", has been involved for the lab analysis (NMHC) of the CMM.
- Sumystandardmetrologiya has been involved for the regular calibrations and service of the monitoring devices

**C.3. Internal audits and control measures:**

Methane concentration and CMM flow data of the flares are compared with the indication of the meters from the vacuum pump station for plausibility. The coal mine personnel have been instructed by Eco-Alliance.

QM procedure:

- Electronic data are stored at Eco-Alliance and Carbon-TF.
- Back-ups are made regularly by staff of Eco-Alliance and Carbon-TF.
- A monitoring engineer from Eco-Alliance checks the data from web-site every day and makes internal weekly reports.
- Monitoring engineer from Eco Alliance prepares monthly reports which are checked by Carbon-TF B.V.
- Carbon-TF prepares the monitoring report, which is checked by Eco-Alliance and the coal mine.
- Additionally data are recorded manually in journals by the coal mine personnel
- The journals are checked daily by the chief heat technician and cross-checked monthly by monitoring engineer from Eco Alliance
- The paper data are stored at the coal mine.
- Every 2 weeks a monitoring engineer from Eco-Alliance makes audits and remarks this in the operation journal.
- The mechanic on duty from the coal mine makes daily audits.
- Eco-Alliance makes service audits every month.

**C.4. Troubleshooting procedures:**

The general troubleshooting for the boilers and the VAH are available at the coal mine. The coal mine personnel are instructed to follow the procedures. In case of disturbance the gas supply to the boilers and the ventilation air heater are shut down by a quick acting valve and the CMM supplied by the degasification system of the coal mine is blown to the atmosphere. The flares and the cogeneration unit are also automatically shut down in case of faults.

**SECTION D. Calculation of GHG emission reductions**

**D.1. Table providing the formulas used:**

*Table - 10 Formulae used taken from the revised Monitoring Plan*

| ID number                 | Data variable  | Nr.   | Formula   |
|---------------------------|--|-------|---|
| P1<br>PE                  | Project emissions  | (1)   | $PE = PE_{ME} + PE_{MD} + PE_{UM}$  |
| P2<br>PE <sub>ME</sub>    | Project emissions from energy use to capture and use methane   | (2)   | $PE_{ME} = CONS_{ELEC,PJ} \times CEF_{ELEC,PJ}$   |
| P3<br>PE <sub>MD</sub>    | Project emissions from methane destroyed   | (3)   | $PE_{MD} = (MD_{FL} + MD_{ELEC} + MD_{HEAT}) \times (CEF_{CH4} + r \times CEF_{NMHC})$                            |
| P4<br>PE <sub>UM</sub>    | Project emissions from uncombusted methane   | (9)   | $PE_{UM} = GWP_{CH4} \times [MM_{ELEC} \times (1 - Eff_{ELEC}) + MM_{HEAT} \times (1 - Eff_{HEAT})] + PE_{Flare}$ |
| PE <sub>Flare</sub>       | Project emissions from flaring   | (9a)  | $PE_{Flare} = (MM_{FI} - MD_{FI}) \times GWP_{CH4}$   |
| P11<br>MD <sub>FL</sub>   | Methane destroyed by flaring   | (5)   | $MD_{FL} = \sum_{i=1}^n MM_{FL,i} \times \eta_{flare,i}$  |
| P14<br>MD <sub>ELEC</sub> | Methane destroyed by power generation  | (6)   | $MD_{ELEC} = MM_{ELEC} \times Eff_{ELEC}$   |
| P17<br>MD <sub>HEAT</sub> | Methane destroyed by heat generation   | (7)   | $MD_{HEAT} = MM_{HEAT} \times Eff_{HEAT}$   |
| P18<br>MM <sub>HEAT</sub> | Methane sent to heat generation  | (7a)  | $MM_{HEAT} = MM_{Boiler} + MM_{VAH}$  |
| P27<br>r                  | Relative proportion of NMHC compared to methane  | (4)   | $r = PC_{NMHC} / PC_{CH4}$  |
| B1<br>BE                  | Baseline emissions   | (10)  | $BE = BE_{MR} + BE_{Use}$   |
| B3<br>BE <sub>MR</sub>    | Baseline emissions from release of methane into the atmosphere that is avoided by the project activity       | (14)  | $BE_{MR} = CMM_{PJ} \times GWP_{CH4}$   |
| B4<br>BE <sub>Use</sub>   | Baseline emissions from the production of power, heat or supply to gas grid replaced by the project activity | (24)  | $BE_{Use} = GEN \times EF_{ELEC} + (HEAT / Eff_{COAL}) \times EF_{HEAT}$  |
| B14<br>CMM <sub>PJ</sub>  | CMM captured in the project activity   | (14a) | $CMM_{PJ} = MM_{FL} + MM_{ELEC} + MM_{HEAT}$  |
| B47<br>HEAT               | Heat generation by project   | (25)  | $HEAT = HEAT_{Boiler} + HEAT_{VAH}$   |
| HEAT <sub>VAH</sub>       | Heat generation by VAH   | (26)  | $HEAT_{VAH} = (MD_{VAH} \times Eff_{VAH}) \times HV_{CH4}$  |
| ER                        | Emission reductions  | (18)  | $ER = BE - PE$  |

**D.2. Description and consideration of measurement uncertainties and error propagation:**

Some minor errors which have been identified in hand written operation journals have been corrected. Mistakes were made during the writing the data from the monitor into journals.

**D.3. GHG emission reductions (referring to B.2. of this document):**

The tables below provide yearly values. Monthly values are calculated and can be verified in the Excel-Spreadsheet "ER-K22-2012-05-01\_to\_2012-12-31.v2.xls".

**D.3.1. Comparison:**

| Period                | Prospected emission reductions, PDD [t CO <sub>2eq</sub> ] |  | Monitored emission reductions [t CO <sub>2eq</sub> ] |        |
|-----------------------|--|--|--|--------|
|                       | Full year  | Proportionally for the monitoring period | in tonnes and percentage of prospected emissions     |        |
| 01/05/2012-31/12/2012 | 177,767 (2012)   | 118,511                                  | 183,838  | 155.2% |

The monitored values are higher than the prospected values in 2012 because of the steady operation of installed additional flare and increasing of methane amount at the air shaft of the coal mine.

**D.3.2 Monitored project emissions**

| <b>Monitored project emissions [t CO<sub>2eq</sub>]</b> |                       |
|---|-----------------------|
| period  | 01/05/2012-31/12/2012 |
| methane destruction                                     |                       |
| flaring   | 22,855                |
| heat generation   | 2,482                 |
| power generation  | 5,182                 |
| additional power consumption                            |                       |
| power generation  | 342                   |
| <b>Total</b>  | <b>30,861</b>         |

**D.3.3 Monitored baseline emissions**

| <b>Monitored baseline emissions [t CO<sub>2eq</sub>]</b> |                       |
|--|-----------------------|
| period   | 01/05/2012-31/12/2012 |
| flaring  | 145,085               |
| heat generation  | 18,347                |

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|  |                |
|--|----------------|
| power generation                                     | 38,296         |
| production of heat that is displaced by the project  | 2,599          |
| production of power that is displaced by the project | 10,372         |
| <b>Total</b>   | <b>214,699</b> |

### D.3.4 Project emissions, baseline emissions and resulting emission reductions

| <b>Project emissions and emission reductions during the 4<sup>th</sup> monitoring period</b> |  |  |   |   |
|--|--|--|---|---|
| period   | Monitored project emissions (tonnes of CO2 equivalent) | Monitored leakage (tonnes of CO2 equivalent) | Monitored baseline emissions (tonnes of CO2 equivalent) | Monitored emissions reductions (tonnes of CO2 equivalent) |
| 01/05/2012-31/12/2012  | 30,861   | -  | 214,699   | 183,838   |

**Annex 1****REFERENCES**

- [PDD], Project Design Document; Version 06, dated 2009-08-06
- Final Determination Report for the project: JI0078 CMM utilisation on the Coal Mine Nr.22 Kommunaraskaya of the State Holding Joint-Stock Company „GOAO Shakhtoupravlenye Donbass“ Report No: 2008-1643 Rev 01, by DNV Det Norske Veritas, dated 2009-08-02
- Letter of Approval, Nr. 3873/11/10-08, issued on 2008-03-26 by the Ukraine (host party)
- Letter of Approval, Nr. 2008JI05, issued on 2008-04-22 by the Kingdom of the Netherlands (investor party)
- The project is approved as JI-project since 30/12/2009  
([http://ji.unfccc.int/JI\\_Projects/DeterAndVerif/Verification/FinDet.html](http://ji.unfccc.int/JI_Projects/DeterAndVerif/Verification/FinDet.html))  
Registration numbers UA2000013, JI0078
- [NEIA] Baseline carbon emission factor for electric power approved in Ukraine:  
<http://www.neia.gov.ua/nature/doccatalog/document?id=127498>
- [NEIA-2] Baseline carbon emission factor for bituminous coal approved in Ukraine:  
25,99 t C/TJ (National Inventory Report of Anthropogenic Emissions from Sources and Absorption by Absorbers of Greenhouse Gases in Ukraine for 1990-2010, Table P2.41)
- [IPCC], Revised 1996 IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories, Reference Manual (Volume 3), Chapter Energy, 1.4.1 Unoxidized Carbon, Page 1.32, 1996, <http://www.ipcc-nggip.iges.or.jp/public/gl/invs6a.htm>
- [ACM0008], Approved consolidated baseline methodology ACM0008 – Consolidated baseline methodology for coal bed methane and coal mine methane capture and use for power (electrical or motive) and heat and/or destruction by flaring, version 03, EB28  
<http://cdm.unfccc.int/methodologies/PAMethodologies/approved.html>
- [AM\_Tool\_07], Methodological “Tool to determine project emissions from flaring gases containing methane”, EB 28, Meeting report, Annex 13
- Determination and verification manual (version 01), undated  
<http://ji.unfccc.int/Ref/Guida/index.html>
- supporting evidence documents provided by the coal mine





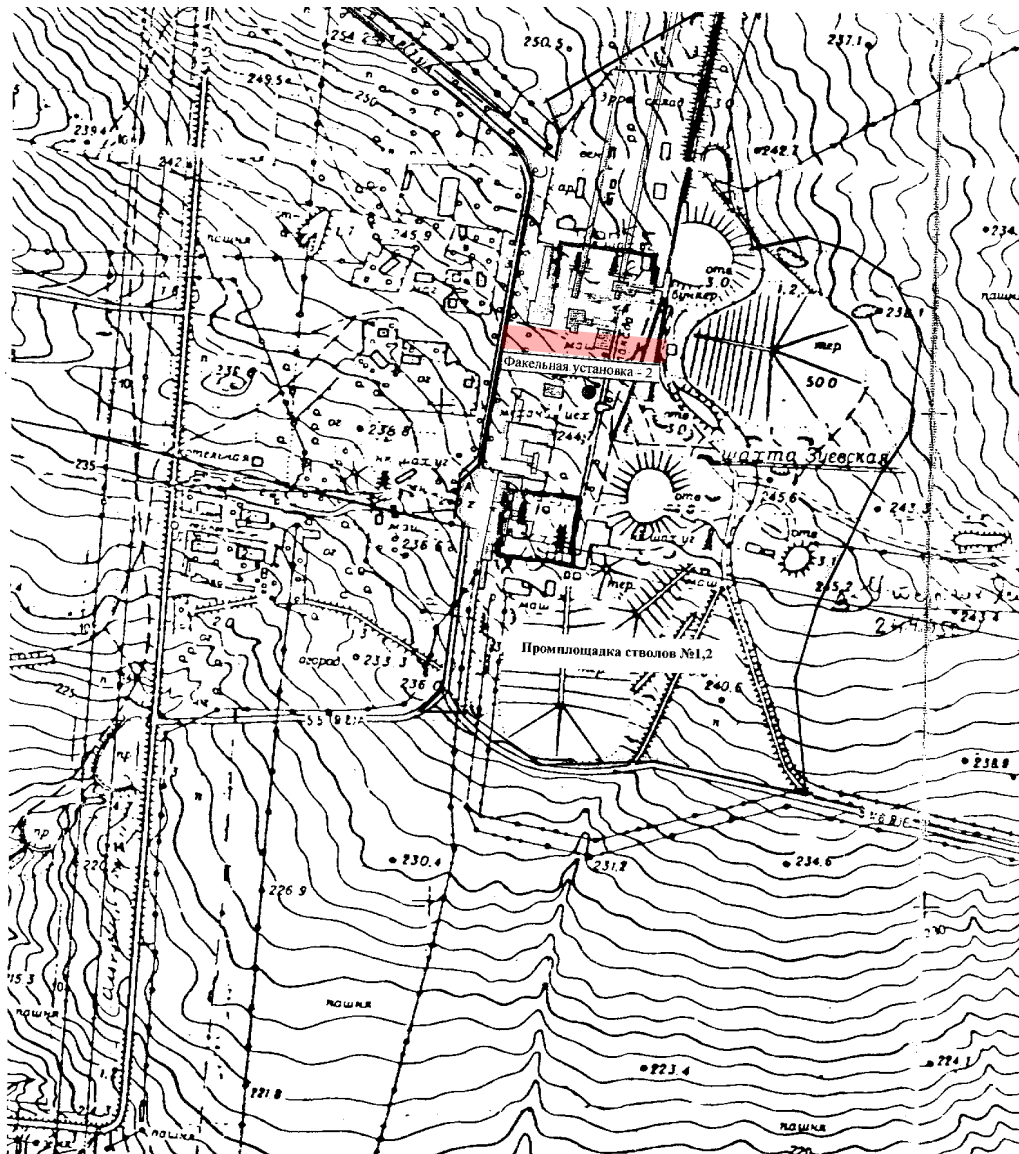


Figure-3 Installation scheme – Coal Mine Nr.22 Kommunaraskaya – Air shaft

**Annex 3**

**Energy and material flowchart including metering positions**

**A3.1 Monitoring procedure:**

The electronically data storage system is fully in operation. Manual records (journals) are still used by the coal mine and can be taken for backup. The heat produced by the VAH is not measured but calculated using the utilised methane amount. The general installation schemes are given in Figure-3 for the main shaft and Figure-4 for the air shaft.

**A3.2 Project emissions from flaring**

The formula for the calculation of project emissions from uncombusted methane has been updated. The calculation of project emissions from uncombusted methane from flaring are now more accurate.

In the PDD the formula for project emissions from uncombusted methane is given as per:

$$PE_{UM} = GWP_{CH4} \times [(MM_{FL} \times (1 - Eff_{FL}) + MM_{ELEC} \times (1 - Eff_{ELEC}) + MM_{HEAT} \times (1 - Eff_{HEAT}))] \quad (9) \text{ old}$$

In the revised monitoring plan the formula (9) has been replaced by the following formula:

$$PE_{UM} = GWP_{CH4} \times [MM_{ELEC} \times (1 - Eff_{ELEC}) + MM_{HEAT} \times (1 - Eff_{HEAT})] + PE_{flare} \quad (9) \text{ new}$$

PE<sub>Flare</sub> is calculated using adopted formulae from the «Methodological “Tool to determine project emissions from flaring gases containing methane”» [AM\_Tool\_07] and ACM0008 Version 5. The original formulae refers to a yearly basis. The formulae have been adapted in the revised monitoring plan to variable monitoring periods:

The original formulae are:

$$PE_{flare} = \sum_{i=1}^n TM_{RG,i} \times (1 - \eta_{flare,i}) \times \frac{GWP_{CH4}}{1000} \quad (9a)$$

where:

- PE<sub>flare</sub> Project emissions from flaring in the regarded period (t CO<sub>2</sub>eq)
- TM<sub>RG,i</sub> Mass flow rate of methane in the regarded interval i (kg/interval)
- η<sub>flare,i</sub> flare efficiency in the interval i
- GWP<sub>CH4</sub> Global warming potential of methane (21 tCO<sub>2</sub>eq/tCH<sub>4</sub>)
- n number of samples (intervals) in the regarded period

and

$$MD_{FL} = MM_{FL} - (PE_{flare}/GWP_{CH4}) \quad (5)$$

where:

- MD<sub>FL</sub> Methane destroyed through flaring in the regarded period (t CH<sub>4</sub>)
- MM<sub>FL</sub> Methane sent to flaring in the regarded period (t CH<sub>4</sub>)
- PE<sub>flare</sub> Project emissions from flaring in the regarded period (t CO<sub>2</sub>eq)
- GWP<sub>CH4</sub> Global warming potential of methane (21 tCO<sub>2</sub>eq/tCH<sub>4</sub>)

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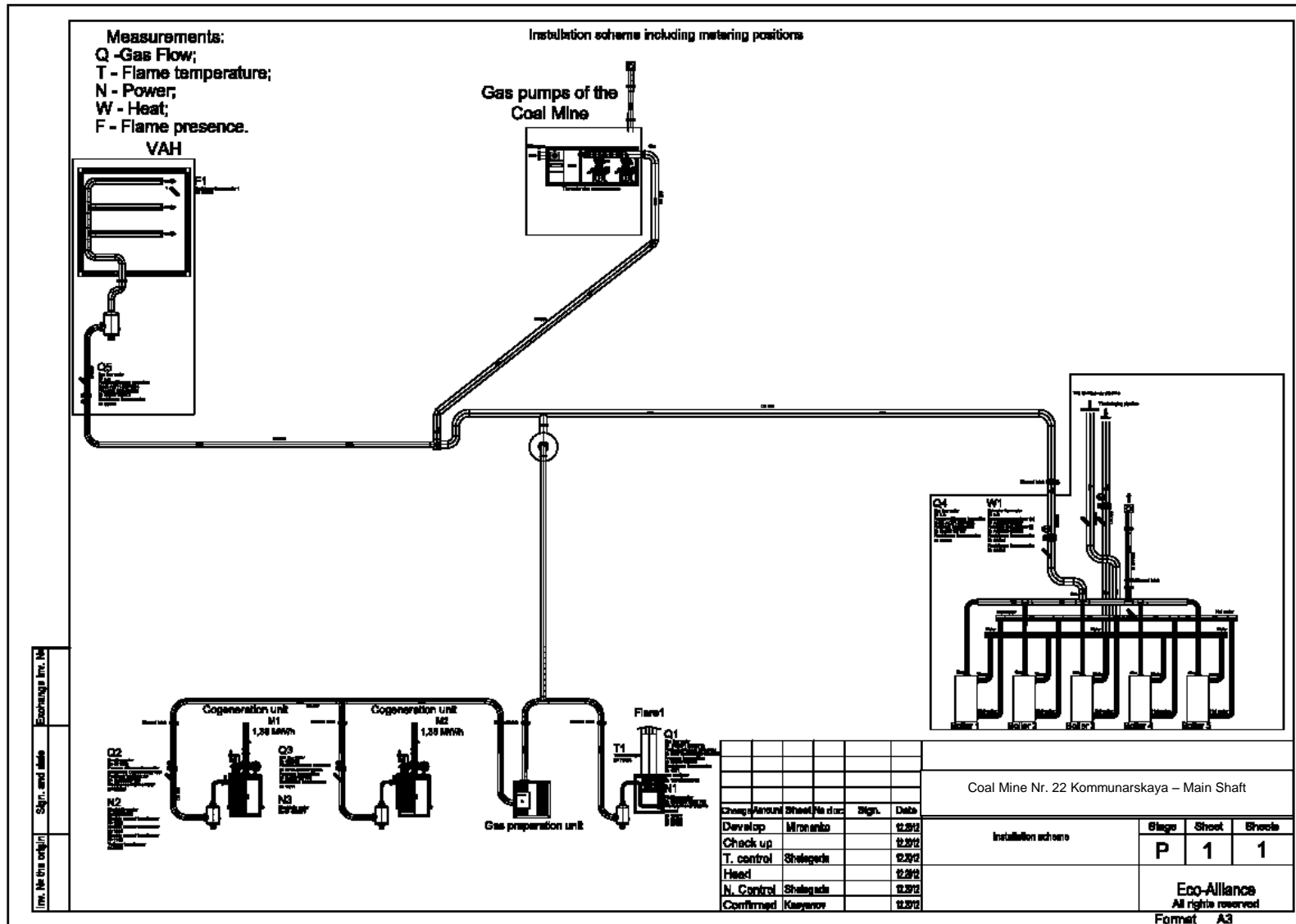


Figure -4 General installation scheme at main shaft



In the revised monitoring plan and this monitoring report, formulae 9a and 5, see above have been resolved to fit better to the monitored data.

The project emissions from flaring are calculated using the equation:

$$PE_{flare} = (MM_{FI} - MD_{FL}) * GWP_{CH4} \tag{9a}$$

where:

$PE_{flare}$  Project emissions from flaring in the regarded period (t CO<sub>2</sub>eq)

$MD_{ELEC}$  Methane destroyed through power generation (t CH<sub>4</sub>)

$MM_{ELEC}$  Methane measured sent to power plant (t CH<sub>4</sub>)

$GWP_{CH4}$  Global warming potential of methane (21 tCO<sub>2</sub>eq/tCH<sub>4</sub>)

The formula for the methane destroyed through flaring is:

$$MD_{FL} = \sum_{i=1}^n MM_{FL,i} * \eta_{flare,i} \tag{5}$$

where:

$MD_{FL}$  Methane destroyed through flaring (t CH<sub>4</sub>)

$MM_{FL,i}$  Methane sent to flaring in the interval i (t CH<sub>4</sub>)

$\eta_{flare,i}$  Efficiency of methane destruction/oxidation in flare in the interval i, see below

n number of samples (intervals) in the regarded period

The interval is set to 15 min during the monitoring period, which is more accurate than the 1 h intervals from the «Methodological “Tool to determine project emissions from flaring gases containing methane”» [AM\_Tool\_07])

For  $\eta_{flare,i}$  three different values are taken, depending on the current combustion temperature  $T_{Flame,i}$  of the flare in the interval i:

| $T_{Flame,i}$ | $\eta_{flare,i}$ | Source   |
|---------------|------------------|--|
| > 850°C       | 99.5%            | [PDD, revised monitoring plan Section D.1.1 and Annex 3] |
| 500-850°C     | 90.0%            | [AM_Tool_07-15]  |
| < 500°C       | 0%               | [AM_Tool_07-15]  |

Where:

$T_{Flame,i}$  Flame temperature of the flare in the regarded interval i (°C)

$\eta_{flare,i}$  flare efficiency in the interval i

### A.3.3 Cogeneration unit

#### CHP 1

There are two power meters installed. The first power meter DEIF PPU (ID 14a) is an electronically counter, which is counting the produced power amount directly at the generator.

The second power counter ACTARIS SL-7000 (ID 14) is a smart power meter, which is counting the power amount, which is fed-in into the grid after the transformer. This counter is taken as GEN for the calculation of  $BE_{Use}$ .

## CHP 2

There are two power meters installed. The first power meter DEIF AGC (ID 51) is an electronically counter, which is counting the produced power amount directly at the generator.

The second power counter Landis & Gyr ZMB210DR58 (ID 50) is a smart power meter, which is counting the power amount, which is fed-in into the grid after the transformer. This counter is taken as GEN for the calculation of  $BE_{Use}$ .

**A3.4 Heat generation by VAH**

The heat amount produced by the VAH has can not be measured, so it is calculated using the utilised  $CH_4$  amount and the combustion efficiency.

$$HEAT_{VAH} = MD_{VAH} \times Eff_{VAH} \times HV_{CH_4}$$

with

|              |  |
|--------------|--|
| $HEAT_{VAH}$ | heat generated by the ventilation air heater [MWh]                         |
| $MD_{VAH}$   | methane amount destroyed by ventilation air heater [t $CH_4$ ]             |
| $Eff_{VAH}$  | efficiency of heat production in ventilation air heater; set to 74.2%      |
| $HV_{CH_4}$  | heating value of methane [9.965 kWh/m <sup>3</sup> equals to 13.899 MWh/t] |

**Annex 4****Differences between the determined PDD and implemented project<sup>2</sup>**

There are some differences between the determined PDD and implemented project. The conditions defined by paragraph 33 of the JI guidelines are still met for the project.

- The physical location of the project has not changed.
- The emission sources have not changed.
- The baseline scenario has not changed.
- The changes are consistent with the JI specific approach and/or the clean development mechanism (CDM) methodology upon which the determination was prepared for the project.

The differences of the project implementation as described in the PDD and the implemented project are listed in the table below.

| <b>unit</b>             | <b>difference</b>  | <b>justification</b>   |
|-------------------------|--|--|
| boilers No: 1 & 2*      | delay  | The installation of the boilers was delayed due to lacking funds especially due to the Global Financial Crisis.  |
| boilers No: 1 & 2*      | changed number of units and changed capacity<br>5 units a 1,167 kW with a total of 5,835 kW instead of 2 units with 3,150 kW and a total of 6,300 kW | There have been multiple proposals at the time of the PDD preparation. A proposal different to that one described in the PDD has been realised.<br>Instead of the installation of two new boilers as described in the PDD, five small coal boilers have been purchased from another coal mine and have been upgraded with a CMM burner system. Five smaller boilers instead of two bigger provide better adoption of the heat production depending on the heat demand, especially during the changes from winter to summer period. Ukrainian units have been chosen for economical reasons like better support with spare parts and already existing experience at the coal mine.<br>The difference between the planned and installed heat production capacity is negligible as the actually heat demand of the coal mine is the leading factor for the heat production. |
| flare No: 1*            | delay  | The installation of the flare was delayed due to lacking funds due to delayed project registration.  |
| flare No: 1*            | changed firing capacity<br>10 MW instead of 5 MW   | In the PDD a flaring capacity of 5 MW was given. The installed flare has originally a capacity of up to 8.525 MW and has been slightly modified to reach an extended capacity of up to 10 MW. This allowed a higher utilisation of CH <sub>4</sub> in the beginning of the project while the installation of the other units was delayed.  |
| ventilation air heater* | delay  | The installation of the ventilation air heater was delayed due to lacking funds especially due to the Global Financial Crisis.   |

<sup>2</sup> This Annex contains the information about differences between the determined PDD and implemented project for all determined monitoring periods.

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|                         |  |   |
|-------------------------|--|---|
| ventilation air heater* | changed capacity<br>2.7 MW instead of 3.0 MW                           | Instead of the installation of three identical modules as stated in the PDD, two bigger modules a 1 MW and one smaller module with 0.75 MW, with a total of 2.75 MW have been installed. Newer planning status showed that 2.7 MW is sufficient for the coal mine.<br>The difference between the planned and installed heat production capacity is negligible as the actually heat demand of the coal mine is the leading factor for the heat production.   |
| cogeneration unit 1*    | delay  | The installation of the cogeneration unit was delayed due to lacking funds especially due to the Global Financial Crisis.   |
| cogeneration unit 2**   | delay  | The installation of the cogeneration unit was delayed due to lacking funds especially due to the Global Financial Crisis.   |
| flare 2**               | Temporarily additional implementation (instead of cogeneration unit 2) | The second flare has been installed due to the big amount of still unused methane at the coal mine. The utilisation of methane has increased and additional environmental benefit is gained.<br>The second flare has been originally installed at the coal mine Molodogvardeyskaya in August 2007. After one year of operation the flare has been moved to the coal mine Krasnoarmeyskaya-Zapadnaya Nr.1 in July 2008 but has not been put in operation by the coal mine. In Summer 2010 this flare has been installed by Eco-Alliance at the Coal Mine Nr.22 Kommunaraskaya as flare Nr 2 and started operation at 08/08/2010.<br>The flare was shut down in June 2012 and removed.  |
| flare 3**               | additional implementation  | The third flare has been installed at the Air Shaft of the Coal Mine Nr. 22 Kommunaraskaya. The CH <sub>4</sub> production of the coal mine is actually much higher than expected. For safety reasons a second degasification station has been installed at the Air Shaft in addition to the Main Shaft. A part of this gas is utilised in the third flare. The utilisation of methane by the project activity has increased and additional environmental benefit is gained.<br>The flare Nr.3 has been originally installed at the Coal Mine Shcheglovskaya-Glubokaya also owned by „Colliery Group “Donbas“. Due to the lacking gas amount at the coal mine Shcheglovskaya-Glubokaya the flare has been moved to the Air Shaft of the «Coal Mine Nr.22 Kommunaraskaya» and started operation at 05/11/2010. |

The name of the project owner has been changed.\*\* The old name “State-run Coal Mine Association „GOAO Shakhtoupravlenye Donbass”” is no longer valid, the new name is:

PUBLIC JOINT STOCK COMPANY “COLLIERY GROUP “DONBAS”

The identifying number and domicile of the legal entity as well as the place of registration remain unchanged.



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The change of name has been reported to JISC. JISC has decided that the title of the project 0078 registered in the JI Information system can not be changed and the title of the project will keep the old name of the company.

\* - *these deviations were verified during first monitoring period;*

\*\* - *these deviations were verified during second monitoring period.*

**Annex 5**

**History of the Document**

| <b>Version</b> | <b>Date</b>      | <b>Nature of Revision</b> |
|----------------|------------------|---------------------------|
| 1              | 14 December 2012 | Initial adoption          |
| 2              | 21 January 2013  | December data added       |
| 3              | 12 March 2013    | Revised version           |
| 4              | 08 April 2013    | Revised version           |