

**ANNUAL MONITORING REPORT ON THE JOINT IMPLEMENTATION PROJECT
“CMM UTILISATION ON THE COAL MINE SHCHEGLOVSKAYA-GLUBOKAYA OF
THE STATE HOLDING JOINT-STOCK COMPANY „GOAO
SHAKHTOUPRAVLENYE DONBASS”**

Monitoring Report 02

Monitoring Period

from 01.04.2010 to 15.03.2011

Director- Chairman of Board

PJSK « Shakhtoupravlenye Donbas »

J.I. Baranov

Donetsk

May, 2011

MONITORING REPORT

JI0077 - CMM utilisation on the coal mine Shcheglovskaya-Glubokaya of the State Holding Joint-Stock Company „GOAO Shakhtoupravlenye Donbass“

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Version 5
19 May 2011

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SECTION A. General project activity information

A.1 Title of the project activity:

CMM utilisation on the coal mine Shcheglovskaya-Glubokaya of the State Holding Joint-Stock Company „GOAO Shakhtoupravlenye Donbass“

Table - 1 Parties involved in the project

| Party involved (*) (host) indicates a host Party) | Legal entity project participant (as applicable) | Please indicate if the Party involved wishes to be considered as project participant (Yes/No) |
|---|---|--|
| Netherlands | Carbon-TF B.V. | no |
| Ukraine (host) | State Holding Joint-Stock Company „GOAO Shakhtoupravlenye Donbass“ | no |

A.2. JI registration number:

UA2000015, JI0077

The project is approved as JI-project since 08/12/2009.

(http://ji.unfccc.int/JI_Projects/DeterAndVerif/Verification/FinDet.html)

Details of the project approval can be found under Annex I of this Monitoring Report.

A.3. Short description of the project activity:

In this project CMM, which has been sucked out of the active coal mine “Shcheglovskaya-Glubokaya”, has been utilised in upgraded previous coal boilers, a ventilation air heater, a flare, a cogeneration unit and an emergency generator. The methane has been burned to less harmful CO₂. The units have generated heat and power which have displaced conventionally produced heat and power and gained an additional amount of CO₂ reductions.

The ventilation air heater is working only in a short period of about four months in the winter.

The emergency generator was not working during this monitoring period.

The winter boiler house worked until 19/04/2010, after that summer boiler house has worked until 06/10/2010.

The production of the flare has significantly lowered since November 2009. The flare has been shut down at 23/10/2010 due to lacking gas amount and has been finally moved to the Coal Mine Nr.22 Kommunarskaya, JI0078 at 29/10/2010. This is temporary decision and in summer 2011 flare will be returned on site of the coal mine Shcheglovskaya-Glubokaya (after stopping of the winter boilers).

Starting with the winter 2009/2010 the available utilisable CMM amount has significantly fallen down. The reason is a change to a new coal seam, which has surprisingly only very low CH₄ concentration. Consequently the CH₄-utilisation decreased.

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Table - 2 Amount of methane utilised for heat and power generation

| Unit | period | CH₄ [t/period] | Heat and power generated [MWh] |
|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Boilers | 01/04/2010-15/03/2011 | 1,592 | 8,257 |
| Ventilation Air Heater | 01/04/2010-15/03/2011 | 137 | 1,844 |
| Flare | 01/04/2010-23/10/2010 | 577 | n.a. |
| Cogeneration unit | 01/04/2010-15/03/2011 | 966 | 4,206 |
| Emergency generator | 01/04/2010-15/03/2011 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 2010-2011 | 3,272 | n.a. |

A.4. Monitoring period:

Start date 01/04/2010

End date 15/03/2011

Start day and end day included.

A.5. Methodology applied to the project activity (incl. version number):

A.5.1. Baseline methodology:

The approved consolidated methodology ACM0008 / Version 03 "Consolidated baseline methodology for coal bed methane and coal mine methane capture and use for power (electrical or motive) and heat and/or destruction by flaring") has been used to identify the baseline scenario of the proposed JI project [ACM0008].

According to ACM0008 the methodological "Tool to determine project emissions from flaring gases containing methane", EB 28 Meeting report, Annex 13, has been taken for the determination of the project emissions from flaring. In difference to the flaring tool, a combustion efficiency of 99.5%, according to the IPCC 1996 guidelines, has been taken into account instead of the default value of 90% as given in the flaring tool.

A.5.2. Monitoring methodology:

A monitoring plan provided by the "Approved consolidated baseline methodology ACM0008", Version 03, Sectoral Scope: 8 and 10, EB28 is applied to the project [ACM0008]. According to ACM0008 the methodological "Tool to determine project emissions from flaring gases containing methane", EB 28 Meeting report, Annex 13, has been taken for the determination of the project emissions from flaring. In difference to the flaring tool, a combustion efficiency of 99.5%, according to the IPCC 1996 guidelines, has been taken into account instead of the default value of 90% as given in the flaring tool. This is according to the PDD.

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Applicability requirements for the monitoring plan of the ACM008 methodology are identical to respective requirements of the baseline setting.

A.6. Status of implementation including time table for major project parts:

The project has not been installed as planned in the PDD. Only one of two flares has been installed and has been removed in 2011 due to lacking gas amount.

Table - 3 Status of Implementation

| | |
|--|--|
| Units: three identical upgraded previously coal fired boilers | |
| Manufacturer: Biysk Boiler Plant | |
| Type: DKV-10-13 | |
| Serial Numbers (not visible): 470 (No 1), 11781 (No 3), 12645 (No 4) | |
| Inventar Numbers (visible): 227655 (No 1), 227654 (No 3), 227652 (No 4) | |
| Capacity: 3-7 Gcal/h (approx. 7.6 MW) | |
| Efficiency heat generation: 90% | |
| Activity Inventar Nummer 227652 (No 4) | Status |
| year of construction | 1967 |
| last major overhaul | 2008 - Ukrteploservis 2009 – Donbassvugleavtomatika |
| Last inspection | 2007 - Derzhpromnaglyad 2010 – Donbassvugleavtomatika |
| Upgrade, initial operation, first tests | Summer 2006 |
| Start of operation | October 2006 |
| Planned installation date [PDD] | 10/2006 |
| Activity Inventar Nummer 227654 (No 3) | Status |
| year of construction | 1967 |
| Last inspection | 2008 - Derzhpromnaglyad 2010 – Donbassvugleavtomatika |
| Upgrade, initial operation, first tests | Summer 2007 |
| Start of operation | October 2007 |
| Planned installation date [PDD] | 10/2006 |
| Activity Inventar Nummer 227655 (No 1) | Status |
| year of construction | 1957 |
| Last inspection | 2008 - Derzhpromnaglyad 2010 – Donbassvugleavtomatika |
| Upgrade, initial operation, first tests | Summer 2006 |
| Start of operation | October 2006 |
| Planned installation date [PDD] | 10/2006 |
| Units: two identical upgraded previously coal fired boilers | |
| Manufacturer: Biysk Boiler Plant | |
| Type: E-1/9 | |
| Serial Numbers | |
| Inventar Numbers (visible): 227656, 227657 | |
| Capacity: 1 Gcal/h (approx. 1.167 MW) | |

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| | |
|---|--|
| Efficiency heat generation: 89% | |
| Activity Inventar Nummer 227656 | Status |
| year of construction | |
| last major overhaul | 2008 - Ukrteploservis |
| Last inspection | 2007 - Derzhpromnaglyad 2010 - Donbassvugleavtomatika |
| Upgrade, initial operation, first tests | Summer 2006 |
| Start of operation | Summer 2006 |
| Planned installation date [PDD] | 06/2006 |
| Activity Inventar Nummer 227657 | Status |
| year of construction | |
| Last inspection | 2008 - Derzhpromnaglyad 2010 - Donbassvugleavtomatika |
| Upgrade, initial operation, first tests | Summer 2006 |
| Start of operation | Summer 2006 |
| Planned installation date [PDD] | 06/2006 |

The heat meter B-2, which should be connected to boiler #3 produced no reasonable data within the period. Actually zero is taken into account as produced heat amount for B-2.

| | |
|---|--|
| Unit: ventilation air heater (VAH) | |
| Manufacturer: Kamensk Plant | |
| Type: WGS 1,0 | |
| Serial Number: 3, 4, 8, 10 | |
| Capacity: four modules a 1 MW | |
| Efficiency heat generation: 98.5% | |
| Activity | Status |
| year of construction | 1997-1999 |
| Last inspection | 2007 - Derzhpromnaglyad 2010 - Donbassvugleavtomatika |
| Upgrade, initial operation, first test | Summer 2006 |
| Start of operation | 01/11/2006 |
| Planned installation date [PDD] | 11/2006 |

The ventilation air heater consists of four identical modules, three of which can be in operation simultaneously due to due to restrictions from the ventilation shaft. So a maximum of 3 MW heat capacity results.

| | |
|---|---------------|
| Unit: Flare | |
| Manufacturer: Pro2 Anlagentechnik GmbH | |
| Type: KGUU 5/8 | |
| Serial Number: 142401 | |
| Capacity: 10 MW | |
| Efficiency methane combustion: 99.5% | |
| Combustion temperature: 850°C | |
| Activity | Status |

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| | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Year of construction | 2008 |
| Last inspection | 2009 – AS Wärmetechnik GmbH |
| Start of operation | 29/05/2009 |
| End of operation | October 2010 |
| Planned installation date [PDD] | 03/2009 |
| Deinstallation date: | 29/10/2010 |

| | |
|---|----------------|
| Unit: cogeneration unit | |
| Manufacturer: Pro2 Anlagentechnik GmbH using a gas engine from Deutz AG | |
| Type: NC620K16 | |
| Serial Number: 146401 | |
| Capacity: 3.750 MW firing, 1.35 MW _{el} , 0.93 MW _{th} | |
| Activity | Status |
| Year of construction | 2000 |
| Last major overhaul | September 2009 |
| Last inspection | none |
| Date of installation | October 2009 |
| Start of operation | 29/10/2009 |
| Planned installation date [PDD] | 06/2009 |

| | |
|--|---------------|
| Unit: emergency generator | |
| Manufacturer: Pervomaysk Diesel Factory | |
| Type: BGZHCHN 25-34-I (БГЖЧН 25-34-I) | |
| Serial Number: IFYUYA (ИФЮЯ) 1440000 103 | |
| Capacity: approx. 1.111 MW firing, 0,4 MW _{el} | |
| Activity | Status |
| Year of construction | 1996 |
| Last major overhaul | n.a. |
| Last inspection | n.a. |
| Start of operation | 07/2006 |
| Planned installation date [PDD] | 07/2006 |

The coordinates given in the PDD uses the SK-42 reference system which uses a slightly different reference ellipsoid than the WGS84 system used by Google. The SK-42 system and the substantial cartography are still in use in the most CIS countries and Ukraine too. The WGS84 coordinates are: 47°03'45" N, 37°51'55" E

A.7. Intended deviations or revisions to the registered PDD:

The first flare has been moved to another JI project, JI0078 at «Coal Mine Nr.22 Kommunariskaya». The second flare was not installed due to Global Financial Crisis. Both flares are now pending due to the lacking gas amount. The flares will be re-installed as soon as the eligible gas amount will be available. The additionality of the project has been checked by TUEV Sued during the last verification and is still given.

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Table - 4 Implementation plan

| unit | installation date (PDD) | firing capacity | Date of installation or envisaged new date of installation new timetable |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|---|
| boiler No: 1 | 10/2006 | 7,600 kW | October 2006 |
| boiler No: 2 | 10/2006 | 7,600 kW | October 2006 |
| boiler No: 3 | 10/2007 | 7,600 kW | October 2007 |
| summer boiler 1 | 6/2006 | 700 kW | Summer 2006 |
| summer boiler 2 | 6/2006 | 700 kW | Summer 2006 |
| ventilation air heater | 11/2006 | 3,000 kW | November 2006 |
| emergency power generation unit | 07/2006 | 400 kW total ..160 KW CMM | July 2006 |
| flare No: 1 | 03/2009 | 5,000 kW | March 2009 removed in October 2010 <i>re-installation pending</i> |
| flare No: 2 | 09/2009 | 5,000 kW | <i>pending</i> |
| cogeneration unit | 06/2009 | 1,350 kW _{el} | October 2009 |

A.8. Intended deviations or revisions to the registered monitoring plan:

A revised monitoring plan has been provided. See <Revised Monitoring Plan-SG.pdf>

The calculation of the emission reductions is not calculated on a yearly basis, but for an individual period. See A.4. for detailed data.

Flow data and flare efficiency as well as the methane amount destroyed by flaring MD_{F1} are calculated in 15 min. intervals in Excel sheets. The main emissions variables for project emissions, baseline emissions and emissions reductions are calculated on a monthly basis. Yearly sums and a total sum for the monitoring are calculated.

The formula for the calculation of project emissions from uncombusted methane has been updated. Formulae from the «Methodological “Tool to determine project emissions from flaring gases containing methane”» [AM_Tool_07]) have been applied, see Annex 4. The calculation of project emissions from uncombusted methane from flaring is now more accurate.

The heat amount produced by the ventilation air heater and the power amount produced by the emergency power generation have not been measured but calculated using the utilised methane amount. Additionally monitoring procedures applied during the monitoring period are described in Annex 3.

A.9. Changes since last verification:

The flare has been moved to the other JI project of the project owner JI0078 at «Coal Mine Nr.22 Kommunarskaya».

An electronically monitoring system has been installed for the monitoring of the gas amount sent to summer boilers. A heat meter for the produced heat has been installed.

A.10. Person(s) responsible for the preparation and submission of the monitoring report:

Coal Mine Shcheglovskaya-Glubokaya

- Viktor Ivanovich Orlov, Chief Engineer

Eco-Alliance OOO

- Vladimir Kasyanov, Managing Director
- Pavel Shelegheda, Deputy Director
- Aleksandr Didenko, Monitoring Assistant
- Viktor Avtonomov, Monitoring Assistant

Carbon-TF B.V

- Adam Hadulla, Director Business Development
- Karl Wöste, Senior Consultant

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SECTION B. Key monitoring activities

B.1. Monitoring equipment:

B.1.2. Table providing information on the equipment used (incl. manufacturer, type, serial number, date of installation, date of last calibration, information to specific uncertainty, need for changes and replacements):

Table - 5 Monitoring equipment

| ID | Data | Method | Manufacturer | Classification | Serial number | Frequency of Measurement | Installation | Uncertainty level of data | Range | Calibration procedure | Last calibration | Calibrator |
|----|------------------------------|--|------------------|--|-------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--|---|---|
| 3 | NMHC concentration | Gas chromatograph | Gazohrom | LHM-8MD | 75 307 | yearly | n. n. | 2.5% | 0-100% | The approved laboratory is responsible for regular recalibrations of the system. | 14/10/2009 15/10/2010 | Donetsk Standard Metrologiya |
| 5 | CMM amount to winter boilers | Standard orifice and pressure difference meter | ECO-Alliance OOO | Calculation | none | Continuous record period 15 min. | 31/03/2010 | | n.a. | Calculation | n.a | n.a. |
| 5a | Gas flow (boiler) | Standard orifice | Himpe AG | Annular chamber standard orifice DIN 19205 | none | Continuous record period 15 min. | 31/03/2010 | 0.74% | 0-8,000 m ³ /h | Calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrology. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | Calibration will be spent in April 2011 | Sumystandart-metrology |
| 5b | Pressure difference (boiler) | Pressure difference transmitter | Honeywell | STD-3000 | 09W33 C3180872001001 | Continuous record period 15 min. | 31/03/2010 | 0.0375 % | 0-100 mbar | Initial calibration made using procedures of manufacturer. Further calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrology. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 15/09/2009 Calibration will be spent in April 2011 | Honeywell Sumystandart-metrology |

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| ID | Data | Method | Manufacturer | Classification | Serial number | Frequency of Measurement | Installation | Uncertainty level of data | Range | Calibration procedure | Last calibration | Calibrator |
|----|--|--|------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| 5c | Pressure (boiler) | Pressure transmitter | Siemens | SITRANS P Serie Z 7MF1564 | AZB/X1110844 | Continuous record period 15 min. | 31/03/2010 | 0.25% | 0-1.6 bar abs | Initial calibration made using procedures of manufacturer. Further calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrology. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | Initial unknown Calibration will be spent in April 2011 | SIEMENS Sumystandart-metrology |
| 5d | Temperature (boiler) | Resistance thermometer | JUMO | dTRANS TO1 Typ 90.2820/10 | TN00515987 01266669010 08400007 | Continuous record period 15 min. | 31/03/2010 | DIN EN 60751, Class B 0.3+0.005T | -40-120°C | Initial calibration made using procedures of manufacturer. Further calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrology. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | Initial unknown Calibration will be spent in April 2011 | JUMO Sumystandart-metrology |
| 5e | CH ₄ concentration (boiler) | Infrared meter | SIEMENS | ULTRAMAT23 | F-Nr-N1-WN-925 | Continuous record period 15 min. | 31/03/2010 | 1.5 % | 0-100% CH ₄ | Calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrology. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 20/12/2010 passport to gasanalyzer № N1-WN-925 | Sumystandart-metrology |
| 6 | CMM amount to VAH | Standard orifice and pressure difference meter | ECO-Alliance OOO | calculation | none | Continuous record period 15 min. | 31/03/2010 | n.a. | n.a. | Calculation | n.a. | n.a. |

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| ID | Data | Method | Manufacturer | Classification | Serial number | Frequency of Measurement | Installation | Uncertainty level of data | Range | Calibration procedure | Last calibration | Calibrator |
|----|---------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|---|-------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|---|
| 6a | Gas flow (VAH) | Standard orifice | Himpe AG | Annular chamber standard orifice DIN 19205 | none | Continuous record period 15 min. | 31/03/2010 | 0.54 % DIN EN ISO 5167-T.1-4 | 0-1,200 m ³ /h | Calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrology. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | Calibration will be spent in April 2011 | Sumystandart-metrology |
| 6b | Pressure difference (VAH) | Pressure difference transmitter | Honeywell | STD-3000 | 09W12 C3149127001001 | Continuous record period 15 min. | 31/03/2010 | 0.0375 % | 0-100 mbar | Initial calibration made using procedures of manufacturer. Further calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrology. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 15/09/2009 Calibration will be spent in April 2011 | Honeywell Sumystandart-metrology |
| 6c | Pressure (VAH) | Pressure transmitter | Siemens | SITRANS P Serie Z 7MF1564 | AZB/X1110845 | Continuous record period 15 min. | 31/03/2010 | 0.25% | 0-1.6 bar abs | Initial calibration made using procedures of manufacturer. Further calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrology. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | Initial unknown Calibration will be spent in April 2011 | SIEMENS Sumystandart-metrology |

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| ID | Data | Method | Manufacturer | Classification | Serial number | Frequency of Measurement | Installation | Uncertainty level of data | Range | Calibration procedure | Last calibration | Calibrator |
|----|-----------------------------|--|--------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|------------------------------------|
| 6d | Temperature (VAH) | Resistance thermometer | JUMO | dTRANS TO1 Typ 90.2820/10 | TN00515987 01266669010 08400002 | Continuous record period 15 min. | 31/03/2010 | DIN EN 60751, Class B 0.3+0.005T | -40-120°C | Initial calibration made using procedures of manufacturer. Further calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrology. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | Initial unknown Calibration will be spent in April 2011 | JUMO Sumystandart-metrology |
| 7 | CMM amount to flare | Standard orifice and pressure difference meter | Pro2 Anlagentechnik GmbH | calculation | none | Continuous record period 15 min. | 03/2009 | | n.a. | Calculation | none | none |
| 7a | Gas flow (flare) | Standard orifice | Himpe AG | annular chamber standard orifice DIN 19205 | 501871 (SG-F1) | Continuous record period 15 min. | 13/11/2009 | 0.75% DIN EN ISO 5167-T.1-4 | 0-2,500 m ³ /h | Calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrology. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 27/10/2010 passport to flow meter № 501871 (SG-F1) | Sumystandart-metrology |
| 7b | Pressure difference (flare) | Pressure difference transmitter | Honeywell | STD-3000 | 08W18 C3059154001003 | Continuous record period 15 min. | 03/2009 | 0.25% | 0-100 mbar | Calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrology. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 27/10/2010 certificate № 2135 | Sumystandart metrologiya |
| 7c | Pressure (flare) | Pressure transmitter | Noeding | P 121 E02-311 | EX812126966 | Continuous record period 15 min. | 03/2009 | 0.25% | 0-250 mbar, rel | Calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrology. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 02/11/2010 certificate № 2171 | Sumystandart metrologiya |

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| ID | Data | Method | Manufacturer | Classification | Serial number | Frequency of Measurement | Installation | Uncertainty level of data | Range | Calibration procedure | Last calibration | Calibrator |
|----|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------|---|---------------|----------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| 7d | Temperature (flare) | Resistance thermometer | JUMO GmbH | dTRANS TO1 Typ 90.2820/10 | 4571/1 | Continuous record period 15 min. | 03/2009 | DIN EN 60751, Class B 0.3+0.005T | -50-250°C | Calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrology. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 27/10/2010 passport to Resistance thermometer № 4571/1 | Sumystandart metrologiya |
| 7e | CH ₄ concentration (flare) | Infrared meter | Pro 2 Anlagentechnik GmbH | BINOS 100 | 120482003017 | Continuous record period 15 min. | 03/2009 | 1.5% | 0-100% CH ₄ | Initial calibration made using procedures of manufacturer. Further calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrology. Calibration frequency – 1 year. Calibrations made using procedures of Eco-Alliance OOO every two weeks | 01/12/2010 passport to gas analyzer № 120482003017 | Sumystandart metrologiya Eco-Alliance OOO |
| 8 | CMM amount to cogeneration unit | Standard orifice and pressure difference meter | Pro2 Anlagentechnik GmbH | calculation | none | Continuous record period 15 min. | 10/2009 | | n.a. | Calculation | n.a. | n.a. |
| 8a | Gas flow (cogeneration unit) | Standard orifice | Himpe AG | annular chamber standard orifice DIN 19205 | 501029 | Continuous record period 15 min. | 10/2009 | 0.56 % DIN EN ISO 5167-T.1-4 | 0-1,200 m ³ /h | Calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrology. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 31/03/2010 passport to flow meter № 501029 | Sumystandart metrologiya |

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| ID | Data | Method | Manufacturer | Classification | Serial number | Frequency of Measurement | Installation | Uncertainty level of data | Range | Calibration procedure | Last calibration | Calibrator |
|----|---|---------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------|--|---|--------------|--|------------|--|---|-------------------------|
| 8b | Pressure difference (cogeneration unit) | Pressure difference transmitter | Honeywell | STD-3000 | 08W18 C3059154001002 | Continuous record period 15 min. | 10/2009 | 0.25% | 0-100 mbar | Calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrology. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 31/03/2010 certificate № 0482 | Sumystandart metrologya |
| 8c | Pressure (cogeneration unit) | Pressure transmitter | Noeding | P 121 | EX812127132 | Continuous record period 15 min. | 10/2009 | 0.25% | 0-250 mbar | Calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrology. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 31/03/2010 certificate № 0484 | Sumystandart metrologya |
| 8d | Temperature (cogeneration unit) | Resistance thermometer | JUMO GmbH | dTRANS TO1 Typ 90.2820/10 | TN00515988 01264830010 08370001 (98023 for calibration) | Continuous record period 15 min. | 10/2009 | DIN EN 60751, Class B 0.3+0.005T | -40-120°C | Calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrology. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 31/03/2010 passport to Resistance thermometer № 98023 | Sumystandart metrologya |
| 9 | Flame temperature of the flare | Thermocouple | Herth GmbH | DIN 43733, Type S, PtRh-Pt | 71089 until 10/11/2009 66315 since 10/11/2010 | Continuous record period 15 min. | 10/2010 | DIN 43733, Class 2 0°C - 600°C +/-1.5 K 600°C - 1600°C +/- 0.25% | 0-1,700°C | Initial calibration made using procedures of manufacturer. None, thermocouple is supposed to be changed at least one time per year, according to the flaring tool | Isn't subject to calibration, as changes every year | Herth |
| 10 | Power production | Electricity meter | NZR | IGZ-FDWB7307 | 475072 | Continuous, cumulative value Read period daily | 10/2009 | Class 1 IEC 1036 | n.a. | Calibration made using procedures of manufacturer using German Calibration Standards (Eichvorschriften) Valid for 8 years. | 2006 | NZR |

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| ID | Data | Method | Manufacturer | Classification | Serial number | Frequency of Measurement | Installation | Uncertainty level of data | Range | Calibration procedure | Last calibration | Calibrator |
|-------|--|---------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|---|--------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|---|
| 10a | Power production | Electricity meter | Kuhse | KMU45B | 82365 | Continuous, cumulative value Read period daily | 2008 2010 | 0.1% U 0.15% I | n.a. | Initial calibration made using procedures of manufacturer. | 02/02/2010 | Kuhse |
| 11 | Heat production winter boilers | Calculation | ECO-Alliance OOO | none | none | Continuous record period 15 min. | 31/03/2010 | | n.a. | calculation | n.a. | n.a. |
| 11a | Inlet temperature one measurement for all three boilers 1,3,4 | Resistance thermometer | AOZT «TERA» | TSP U 1-3 PT-100 | 09456 | Continuous record period 15 min. | 31/03/2010 | 0.5% | -50-250°C | Initial calibration made using procedures of manufacturer. Further calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrology. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 12/2009 Calibration will be spent in April 2011 | Manufacturer Sumystandart metrologya |
| 11.4 | Heat production boiler 4 | Heat meter | ECO-Alliance OOO | calculation | none | Continuous record period 15 min. | 31/03/2010 | | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. |
| 11.4a | Water flow Boiler 4 | Standard orifice | Lvivpribor | n.a. | 4 | n.a. | 10/2009 | Unknown, set to 2.5%) | 0-400 m ³ /h | Yearly inspection made using procedures of Donbassvugleavtomatyka | 12/10/2009 | Donbassvugleavtomatyka |
| 11.4b | Pressure difference (boiler 4) | Pressure difference transmitter | Lvivpribor | DM3583M | 19 Inventar Nr: 105321 | Continuous record period 15 min. | 10/2009 | 1.5% | 0-25 kPa | Calibration made using procedures of Donbassvugleavtomatyka. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 29/12/2010 | Donbassvugleavtomatyka |

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| ID | Data | Method | Manufacturer | Classification | Serial number | Frequency of Measurement | Installation | Uncertainty level of data | Range | Calibration procedure | Last calibration | Calibrator |
|-------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| 11.4c | Indicator (boiler 4) | Chart Recorder | Lvivpribor | KSD-023 | 9056848 | Continuous record period 15 min. | 10/2009 | 1.0% | 0-400 m ³ /h | Calibration made using procedures of Donbassvugleavtomatyka. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 29/12/2010 | Donbassvugle avtomatyka |
| 11.4d | Outlet temperature Boiler 4 | Resistance thermometer | AOZT «TERA» | TSP U 1-3 PT-100 | 09444 | Continuous record period 15 min. | 31/03/2010 | 0.5% | -50-250°C | Initial calibration made using procedures of manufacturer. Further calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrology. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 12/2009 Calibration will be spent in April 2011 | Manufacturer Sumystandart metrologiya |
| 11.3 | Heat production boiler 3 | Heat meter | ECO-Alliance OOO | calculation | none | Continuous record period 15 min. | 31/03/2010 | | n.a. | n.a | n.a. | n.a. |
| 11.3a | Water flow Boiler 3 | Standard orifice | Lvivpribor | DM3583M | 3 | Continuous record period 15 min. | 10/2009 | Unknown, set to 2.5% | 0-250 m ³ /h | Yearly inspection made using procedures of Donbassvugleavtomatyka. | 12/10/2009 | Donbassvugle avtomatyka |
| 11.3b | Pressure difference (boiler 3) | Pressure difference transmitter | Lvivpribor | KSD-023 | 71329 Inventar Nr: 105621 | Continuous record period 15 min. | 10/2009 | 1.5% | 0-25 kPa | Calibration made using procedures of Donbassvugleavtomatyka. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 29/12/2010 | Donbassvugle avtomatyka |

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| ID | Data | Method | Manufacturer | Classification | Serial number | Frequency of Measurement | Installation | Uncertainty level of data | Range | Calibration procedure | Last calibration | Calibrator |
|-------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| 11.3c | Indicator (boiler 3) | Chart Recorder | Lvivpribor | KSD-023 | 4014777 | Continuous record period 15 min. | 10/2009 | 1.0% | 0-250 m ³ /h | Calibration made using procedures of Donbassvugleavtomatyka. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 29/12/2010 | Donbassvugle avtomatyka |
| 11.3d | Outlet temperature Boiler 3 | Resistance thermometer | AOZT «TERA» | TSP U 1-3 PT-100 | 09448 | Continuous record period 15 min. | 31/03/2010 | 0.5% | -50-250°C | Initial calibration made using procedures of manufacturer. Further calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrology. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 12/2009 Calibration will be spent in April 2011 | Manufacturer Sumystandart metrologiya |
| 11.1 | Heat production boiler 1 | Heat meter | ECO-Alliance OOO | calculation | none | Continuous record period 15 min. | 31/03/2010 | | n.a. | n.a | n.a. | n.a. |
| 11.1a | Water flow Boiler 1 | Standard orifice | Lvivpribor | DM3583M | 1 | Continuous record period 15 min. | 10/2009 | Unknown, set to 2.5% | 0-320 m ³ /h | Yearly inspection made using procedures of Donbassvugleavtomatyka | 14/10/2009 | Donbassvugle avtomatyka |
| 11.1b | Pressure difference (boiler 1) | Pressure difference transmitter | Lvivpribor | KSD-023 | n.n. Inventar Nr: 101503 | Continuous record period 15 min. | 10/2009 | 1.5% | 0-25 kPa | Calibration made using procedures of Donbassvugleavtomatyka. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 29/12/2010 | Donbassvugle avtomatyka |

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| ID | Data | Method | Manufacturer | Classification | Serial number | Frequency of Measurement | Installation | Uncertainty level of data | Range | Calibration procedure | Last calibration | Calibrator |
|-------|-----------------------------|--|------------------|--|---------------|----------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|--|---|--|
| 11.1c | Indicator (boiler 1) | Chart Recorder | Lvivpribor | KSD-023 | 8087123 | Continuous record period 15 min. | 10/2009 | 1.0% | 0-320 m ³ /h | Calibration made using procedures of Donbassvugleavtomatyka. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 29/12/2010 | Donbassvugleavtomatyka |
| 11.1d | Outlet temperature Boiler 1 | Resistance thermometer | AOZT «TERA» | TSP U 1-3 PT-100 | 09451 | Continuous record period 15 min. | 31/03/2010 | 0.5% | -50-250°C | Initial calibration made using procedures of manufacturer. Further calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrology. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 12/2009 Calibration will be spent in April 2011 | Manufacturer Sumystandart metrologiya |
| 12 | CMM amount to summer boiler | Standard orifice and pressure difference meter | ECO-Alliance OOO | calculation | none | Continuous record period 15 min. | 05/06/2010 | | n.a. | Calculation | n.a | n.a. |
| 12a | Gas flow (summer boiler) | Standard orifice | PRPE "Energoteh" | Annular chamber standard orifice DIN 19205 | none | Continuous record period 15 min. | 17/06/2010 | None | 58.49...300 m ³ /h | Initial calibration made using procedures of manufacturer. Further calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrology. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 16/06/2010 Calibration will be spent in April 2011 | "Energoteh" Sumystandart metrologiya |

MONITORING REPORT FORM

| ID | Data | Method | Manufacturer | Classification | Serial number | Frequency of Measurement | Installation | Uncertainty level of data | Range | Calibration procedure | Last calibration | Calibrator |
|-----|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|---------------|---|--|--|
| 12b | Pressure difference (summer boiler) | Pressure difference transmitter | Honeywell | STD-3000 | 09W33 C3180872001001 | Continuous record period 15 min. | Will be installed at transition to summer boilers from winter boilers | 0.0375 % | 0-100 mbar | Initial calibration made using procedures of manufacturer. Further calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrology. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 15/09/2009 Calibration will be spent in April 2011 | Honeywell Sumystandart-metrologya |
| 12c | Pressure (summer boiler) | Pressure transmitter | Siemens | SITRANS P Serie Z 7MF1564 | AZB/X1110844 | Continuous record period 15 min. | Will be installed at transition to summer boilers from winter boilers | 0.5% | 0-1.6 bar abs | Initial calibration made using procedures of manufacturer. Further calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrology. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | Initial unknown Calibration will be spent in April 2011 | SIEMENS Sumystandart-metrology |
| 12d | Temperature (summer boiler) | Resistance thermometer | JUMO | dTRANS TO1 Typ 90.2820/10 | TN00515987 01266669010 08400007 | Continuous record period 15 min. | Will be installed at transition to summer boilers from winter boilers | DIN EN 60751, Class B 0.3+0.005T | -40-120°C | Initial calibration made using procedures of manufacturer. Further calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrology. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | Initial unknown Calibration will be spent in April 2011 | JUMO Sumystandart-metrology |
| 13 | Heat production summer boiler | Calculation | ECO-Alliance OOO | none | none | Continuous record period 15 min. | 05/06/2010 | | n.a. | calculation | n.a. | n.a. |

MONITORING REPORT FORM

| ID | Data | Method | Manufacturer | Classification | Serial number | Frequency of Measurement | Installation | Uncertainty level of data | Range | Calibration procedure | Last calibration | Calibrator |
|-----|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------|--|-------------------------|--|---|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| 13a | Hot water flow (summer boiler) | Standard orifice | PRPE "Energoteh" | Annular chamber standard orifice DIN 19205 | none | Continuous record period 15 min. | 17/06/2010 | none | 12.13...65 m ³ /h | Initial calibration made using procedures of manufacturer. Further calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart- metrology. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 16/06/2010 Calibration will be spent in April 2011 | "Energoteh" Sumystandart metrologiya |
| 13b | Pressure difference (summer boiler) | Pressure difference transmitter | Honeywell | STD-3000 | 09W12 C3149127001001 | Continuous record period 15 min. | Will be installed at transition to summer boilers from VAH | 0.0375 % | 0-100 mbar | Initial calibration made using procedures of manufacturer. Further calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart- metrology. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 15/09/2009 Calibration will be spent in April 2011 | Honeywell Sumystandart -metrology |
| 13c | Pressure (summer boiler) | Pressure transmitter | Siemens | SITRANS P Serie Z 7MF1564 | AZB/A2199936 | Continuous record period 15 min. | 05/06/2010 | 0.25% | 0-10 bar abs | Initial calibration made using procedures of manufacturer. Further calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart- metrology. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | Initial unknown Calibration will be spent in April 2011 | SIEMENS Sumystandart -metrology |

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| ID | Data | Method | Manufacturer | Classification | Serial number | Frequency of Measurement | Installation | Uncertainty level of data | Range | Calibration procedure | Last calibration | Calibrator |
|-----|---|------------------------|--------------|------------------|---------------|----------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|-----------|--|--|---|
| 13d | Temperature (summer boiler) | Resistance thermometer | AOZT «TERA» | TSP U 1-3 PT-100 | 09442 | Continuous record period 15 min. | 05/06/2010 | 0.5% | -50-250°C | Initial calibration made using procedures of manufacturer. Further calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrology. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 12/2009 Calibration will be spent in April 2011 | AOZT «TERA» Sumystandart-metrology |
| 13e | Temperature on an input (summer boiler) | Resistance thermometer | AOZT «TERA» | TSP U 1-3 PT-100 | 09443 | Continuous record period 15 min. | 05/06/2010 | 0.5% | -50-250°C | Initial calibration made using procedures of manufacturer. Further calibrations made using procedures of Sumystandart-metrology. Calibration frequency – 1 year. | 12/2009 Calibration will be spent in April 2011 | AOZT «TERA» Sumystandart-metrology |

*) The calibration has been provided in Germany according to the German Calibration Act. The calibration is manifested by a test badge (Eichmarke) fixed to the unit and valid for 8 years.

B.1.3. Involvement of Third Parties:

The lab analysis for the determination of the NMHC concentration has been done by MAKNI

- The calibration of CH₄-concentration and some measurement units has been done by DTOV Donbasvugleavtomatyka
- Sumystandartmetrologiya has calibrated several units
- Eco-Alliance OOO supported the coal mine with the collecting of the monitoring data, electronically collected data have been provided to BV
- Carbon-TF B.V. has supervised the data for plausibility and completeness.

B.2. Data collection (accumulated data for the whole monitoring period):

B.2.1. List of fixed default values:

Table - 6 List of ex-ante fixed values

| ID number | Data variable | Source of data | Data unit | Comment |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|--|---|
| P8, B49 CEF _{ELEC,PJ} | Carbon emission factor of CONS _{ELEC,PJ} | National Environmental Investment Agency of Ukraine, NEIA | tCO _{2eq} /MWh | Official Ukrainian data have been published at 28/03/2011 and 12/05/2011 at the NEIA website. According to the information given in the PDD these data are taken into account. Set to: 1.067 t CO ₂ / MWh (2010) 1.063 t CO ₂ / MWh (2011) Value for thermal power plants which are connected to the Ukrainian Power grid. [NEIA] |
| P13 Eff _{FL} | Flare combustion efficiency | monitored data, revised monitoring plan | t CH ₄ | Set to: 99.5 % for: T _{Flame} > 850°C [PDD, ACM0008/IPCC] 90% for: 500°C < T _{Flame} < 850°C [AM_Tool_07] 0% for: T _{Flame} < 500°C [AM_Tool_07] |
| P16 Eff _{ELEC} | Efficiency of methane destruction / oxidation in power plant | ACM0008 / IPCC | % | set at 99.5% (IPCC) |
| P19 Eff _{HEAT} | Efficiency of methane destruction / oxidation in heat plant | ACM0008 / IPCC | % | set at 99.5% (IPCC) |
| P23, B19 CEF _{CH4} | Carbon emission factor for combusted methane | ACM0008 / IPCC | t CO _{2eq} /t CH ₄ | set at 2.75 t CO _{2eq} /t CH ₄ |
| P28, B18 GWP _{CH4} | Global warming potential of methane | ACM0008 / IPCC | t CO _{2eq} /t CH ₄ | set at 21 |

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|----------------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|---|
| B55 EF _{HEAT} | CO ₂ emission factor of fuel used for captive power or heat | IPCC Guidelines 1 Introduction Table 1.2 | tCO ₂ /MWh | set to 0.3406 tCO ₂ /MWh Using the value for "Other Bituminous Coal" of 94,600 kg CO ₂ /TJ, [IPCC-2] |
| B57 Eff _{COAL} | Energy efficiency of previously coal fired heat plant | Boiler pass | % | 90.0 % upgraded winter boiler (measured value) 89.0 % summer boilers |
| Eff _{VAH} | Efficiency of the heat generation by ventilation air heater | VAH Technical report | % | Set to 97.25 % [Technical Report] |
| Eff _{EPG} | Efficiency of the power generation by emergency power generator | PDD | % | Set to 36% [PDD] |
| HV _{CH4} | Heating value of methane | DIN EN ISO 6976 | kWh/m ³ MWh/t | set to 9.65 kWh/m ³ equal to 13.899 MWh/t |

B.2.2. List of variables:

Table - 7 List of variables

| ID number | Data variable | Source of data | Data unit | Comment |
|-------------------------------|--|----------------|---------------------|--|
| P1 PE | Project emissions | monitored data | t CO _{2eq} | calculated using formula (1) from the revised Monitoring Plan |
| P2 PE _{ME} | Project emissions from energy use to capture and use methane | monitored data | t CO _{2eq} | calculated using formula (2) from the revised Monitoring Plan |
| P3 PE _{MD} | Project emissions from methane destroyed | monitored data | t CO _{2eq} | calculated using formula (3) from the revised Monitoring Plan |
| P4 PE _{UM} | Project emissions from uncombusted methane | monitored data | t CO _{2eq} | calculated using formula (9) from the revised Monitoring Plan |
| P5 CONS _{ELEC,PJ} | Additional electricity consumption by project | monitored data | MWh | calculated using formula (31) from the revised Monitoring Plan |
| P11 MD _{FL} | Methane destroyed by flaring | monitored data | t CH ₄ | calculated using formula (5) from the revised Monitoring Plan |
| P12 MM _{FL} | Methane sent to flare | flow meter | t CH ₄ | |
| PE _{Flare} | Project emissions from flaring | monitored data | t CO _{2eq} | calculated using formula (9a) from the revised Monitoring Plan |
| T _{Flame} | Flame temperature of the flare | thermo couple | °C | |
| P14 MD _{ELEC} | Methane destroyed by power generation | monitored data | t CH ₄ | calculated using formula (6) from the revised Monitoring Plan |

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|----------------------------|--|----------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| P15 MM _{ELEC} | Methane sent to power plant | flow meter | t CH ₄ | calculated using formula (6a) from the revised Monitoring Plan |
| MM _{CHP} | Methane sent to cogeneration unit | flow meter | t CH ₄ | measured, calculated using formula (29) from the revised Monitoring Plan for April 2010 |
| MM _{EPG} | Methane sent to emergency power generator | flow meter | t CH ₄ | |
| Eff _{CHP} | efficiency of power generation in the cogeneration unit | monitored data | % | calculated using formula (30) from the revised Monitoring Plan |
| P17 MD _{HEAT} | Methane destroyed by heat generation | monitored data | t CH ₄ | calculated using formula (7) from the revised Monitoring Plan |
| P18 MM _{HEAT} | Methane sent to heat generation | monitored data | t CH ₄ | calculated using formula (7a) from the revised Monitoring Plan |
| MM _{WBoil} | Methane sent to winter boilers | flow meter | t CH ₄ | |
| MM _{WBoil} | Methane sent to summer boilers | flow meter | t CH ₄ | |
| MM _{VAH} | Methane sent to ventilation air heater | flow meter | t CH ₄ | |
| P24 CEF _{NMHC} | Carbon emission factor for combusted non methane hydrocarbons (various) | lab analysis | t CO ₂ /t _{NMHC} | Calculated if applicable |
| P25 PC _{CH4} | Concentration of methane in extracted gas | IR measurement | % | |
| P26 PC _{NMHC} | NMHC concentration in coal mine gas | lab analysis | % | Used to check if more than 1% of emissions and to calculate r |
| P27 r | Relative proportion of NMHC compared to methane | lab analysis | % | Calculated using formula (4) if applicable, based on the lab analysis. |
| B1 BE | Baseline emissions | monitored data | t CO _{2eq} | calculated using formula (10) from the revised Monitoring Plan |
| B3 BE _{MR} | Baseline emissions from release of methane into the atmosphere that is avoided by the project activity | monitored data | t CO _{2eq} | calculated using formula (14) from the revised Monitoring Plan |
| B4 BE _{Use} | Baseline emissions from the production of power, heat or supply to gas grid replaced by the project activity | monitored data | t CO _{2eq} | calculated using formula (24) from the revised Monitoring Plan |
| B14 CMM _{PJ} | CMM captured in the project activity | monitored data | t CH ₄ | calculated using formula (14a) from the revised Monitoring Plan |

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|-----------------------|--|----------------|-----|--|
| B46 GEN | electricity generation by project | monitored data | MWh | calculated using formula (27) from the revised Monitoring Plan |
| GEN _{CHP} | Electricity generated by the cogeneration unit | power meter | MWh | |
| GEN _{EPG} | Electricity generated by the emergency power generator | monitored data | MWh | calculated using formula (28) from the revised Monitoring Plan |
| B47 HEAT | Heat generation by project | monitored data | MWh | calculated using formula (25) from the revised Monitoring Plan |
| HEAT _{WBoil} | Heat generation by winter boilers | heat meter | MWh | Measured |
| HEAT _{SBoil} | Heat generation by summer boilers | heat meter | MWh | Measured |
| HEAT _{VAH} | Heat generation by Ventilation Air Heater | monitored data | MWh | calculated using formula (26) from the revised Monitoring Plan |

B.2.3. Data concerning GHG emissions by sources of the project activity

Table - 8 GHG emissions by sources of the project activity

| ID number | Data variable | Source of data | Data unit | Comment |
|---------------------------|---|----------------|-------------------|--|
| P12 MM _{FL} | Methane sent to flare | flow meter | t CH ₄ | Measured |
| P15 MM _{ELEC} | Methane sent to power plant | monitored data | t CH ₄ | calculated using formula (6a) from the revised Monitoring Plan |
| P18 MM _{HEAT} | Methane sent to heat generation | monitored data | t CH ₄ | calculated using formula (7a) from the revised Monitoring Plan |
| P25 PC _{CH4} | Concentration of methane in extracted gas | IR measurement | % | |
| P26 PC _{NMHC} | NMHC concentration in coal mine gas | lab analysis | % | Used to check if more than 1% of emissions and to calculate r. |

B.2.4. Data concerning GHG emissions by sources of the baseline

Table - 9 GHG emissions by sources of the baseline

| ID number | Data variable | Source of data | Data unit | Comment |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|---|
| B14 CMM _{PJ} | CMM captured in the project activity | monitored data | t CH ₄ | calculated using formula (14a) from the revised Monitoring Plan |
| B47 HEAT | Heat generation by project | monitored data | MWh | calculated using formula (25) from the revised Monitoring Plan |

| | | | | |
|------------|-----------------------------------|----------------|-----|--|
| B46 GEN | electricity generation by project | monitored data | MWh | calculated using formula (27) from the revised Monitoring Plan |
|------------|-----------------------------------|----------------|-----|--|

B.2.5. Data concerning leakage

Not applicable.

B.2.6. Data concerning environmental impacts

SU Donbass is the owner of two coal mines, coal mine Shcheglovskaya-Glubokaya and Coal Mine Nr 22 Kommunarskaya. SU Donbass started works on reducing greenhouse gas emissions already in 2006. As first pilot CMM utilisation two previously coal fired boilers at the coal mine Shcheglovskaya-Glubokaya have been upgraded with CMM burning systems. This early action has been verified as Greening AAU's. In the second phase further CMM utilisation units followed and a second JI project at Coal Mine Nr 22 Kommunarskaya was initiated. At the time nearly all of the CMM from the suction system of both coal mines is utilised and no longer blown into atmosphere.

B.3. Data processing and archiving (incl. software used):

Two different but similar systems are used for electronically data collection.

Data from the boilers and the VAH are collected, processed and stored using a Siemens SIMATIC PLC S7 system and Siemens WINCC programming software. All data is stored in the internal memory about 2 GB. One time per hour the data are sent via GPS to an Internet-based Server data base. Eco-Alliance ensures regular back up's and archiving. The data can be read any time from the internet data base by authorised personnel. The utilised methane amount is automatically calculated and stored in the PLC. As all input data are stored, the automatically calculation can be checked in retrospect any time.

Data from the flare and the cogeneration unit are collected, processed and stored using a Siemens SIMATIC PLC S7 system and Siemens WINCC programming software. All data is stored in the internal memory about 2 GB. The data are read daily by Kuhse GmbH via GPS and stored in the Kuhse database in Germany. The data can be viewed any time using special access software provided by Kuhse. Kuhse ensures regular back ups and archiving. The data are regularly reviewed by Carbon-TF and Eco-Alliance OOO. Carbon-TF provides regularly storing and archiving of the data as well as regularly transfer to Excel sheets for analysis, evaluation and reporting procedures.

The data can be read any time from the Kuhse data base by authorised personnel. The utilised methane amount is automatically calculated and stored in the PLC. As all input data are stored, the automatically calculation can be checked in retrospect any time.

For plausibility checks and potential data back up, data recorded by coal mine personnel in hand written journals can be taken. The journals are stored by the coal mine.

B.4. Special event log:

The production of the flare has significantly lowered since November 2009.

Starting with the winter 2009/2010 the available utilisable CMM amount has significantly fallen down. The reason is a change to a new coal seam, which has surprisingly only very low CH₄ concentration. Consequently the CH₄-utilisation decreased. Finally the flare has been shut down at 23/10/2010 due to lacking gas amount and has been moved to another JI project of the project owner, to the Coal Mine Nr.22 Kommunarskaya, JI0078, at 29/10/2010.

From 01/04/2010 to 20/04/2010 no plausible data have been recorded for the CMM flow amount of the CHP unit. The pressure difference meter of the CHP was malfunctioning. For simplification the CH₄ flow data for the complete month April have been recalculated using the produced power amount.

On 19/04/2010 works on transferring of the monitoring system for summer boilers have started and on 26/04/2010 the monitoring system has been shut down for adjustment until 06/06/2010 when the works on transferring have been finished. During the period the emissions weren't taken into account.

SECTION C. Quality assurance and quality control measures

C.1. Documented procedures and management plan:

C.1.1. Roles and responsibilities:

The general project management is implemented by the Technical Director of Shakhtoupravlenye Donbass, the Holding Company of the Shcheglovskaya-Glubokaya Coal Mine, through supervision and coordination of activities of his subordinates, such as deputy director on surface degasification, heat technician, and heads of safety engineering departments.

Daily a group of mechanics and electricians who are responsible for the measures and maintenance of all technological equipment and measuring instruments are present on-site. There are two shifts, 12 h each. For every shift there is one person on-duty responsible for the proper operation and keeping of the journals.

Overview calculations about the methane amount utilised are made on a monthly and yearly basis and notified in the journal. The monitoring system is supervised by the administration of the coal mine under the existing control and reporting system. The general supervision of the new electronically monitoring system is executed by Eco-Alliance OOO, who is consultant for the coal mine

C.1.2. Trainings:

The employees responsible for the monitoring control have been trained on-the-job during the installation of the system.

The responsible personnel of Eco-Alliance has been trained on the handling with CMM-utilisation units and the applied monitoring systems, during an eight week long practical course in Germany in the autumn of 2005 and a two-week practical course in August/September 2008. In this courses which has been carried out by A-TEC Anlagentechnik GmbH, a Joint-Venture participant of Eco-Alliance, also the basic principles of emissions trading and the background of the monitoring has been explained. A-TEC Anlagentechnik GmbH is already running several CMM utilisation plants and monitoring systems in Germany.

These trained personnel is the basis of a team of engineers, which should establish a specialised service team in the Ukraine and instruct further operating and monitoring personnel, as well for this project.

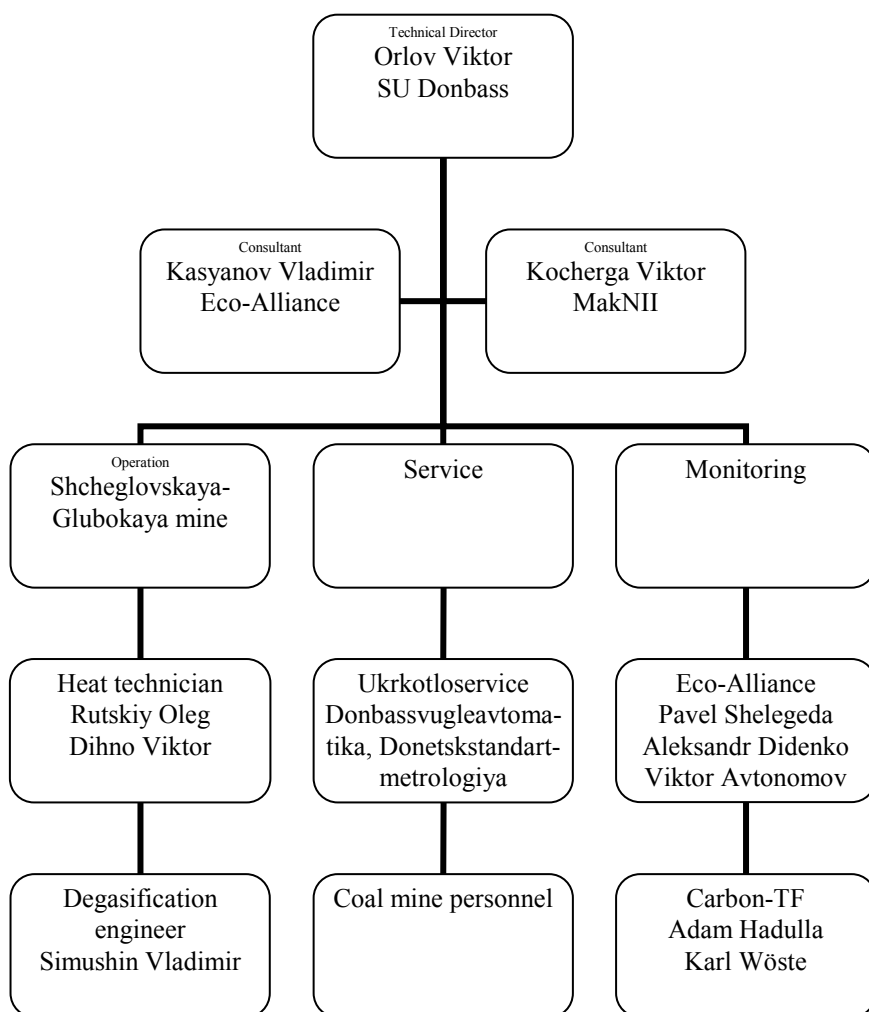


Figure 1 – Organigram

C.2. Involvement of Third Parties:

- MakNII Institute, the “State Makeyevka Institute for Research and Education for Safe Work in the Coal Mining Industry”, a subsidiary of the “Ukrainian Ministry for Fuel and Energy”, has been involved for the lab analysis (NMHC) of the CMM.
- Ukrkotloservice has been involved for the service of the boiler.
- Donbassvugleavtomatyka OOO has been involved for the regular calibrations and service of the measurement and control equipment of the boilers and VAH.
- Sumystandardmetrologiya has been involved for the regular calibrations and service of the monitoring devices

C.3. Internal audits and control measures:

Methane concentration and CMM flow data of the flares are compared with the indication of the meters from the vacuum pump station for plausibility. The coal mine personnel have been instructed by Eco-Alliance.

QM procedure:

- Electronic data are stored at Eco-Alliance and Carbon-TF.
- Back-ups are made regularly by Eco-Alliance and Carbon-TF.
- A monitoring engineer from Eco-Alliance checks the data from web-site every day and makes internal weekly reports.
- Eco Alliance prepares monthly reports which are checked by Carbon-TF B.V.
- Carbon-TF prepares the monitoring report, which is checked by Eco-Alliance and the coal mine.
- Additionally data are recorded manually in journals by the coal mine personnel
- The journals are checked daily by the chief heat technician and cross-checked monthly by Eco Alliance OOO
- The paper data are stored at the coal mine.
- Every 2 weeks a monitoring engineer from Eco-Alliance makes audits and remarks this in the operation journal.
- The mechanic on duty from the coal mine makes daily audits.
- Eco-Alliance makes service audits every month.

C.4. Troubleshooting procedures:

The general troubleshooting procedures for the boilers and the VAH are available at the coal mine. The coal mine personnel are instructed to follow the procedures.

In case of disturbance the gas supply to the boiler is shut down by a quick acting valve and the CMM supplied by the degasification system of the coal mine is blown to the atmosphere. The flare and the cogeneration unit are also automatically shut down in case of faults.

SECTION D. Calculation of GHG emission reductions

D.1. Table providing the formulas used:

Table - 10 Formulae used taken from the revised Monitoring Plan

| ID number | Data variable | Nr. | Formula |
|-------------------------------|--|-------|---|
| P1 PE | Project emissions | (1) | $PE = PE_{ME} + PE_{MD} + PE_{UM}$ |
| P2 PE _{ME} | Project emissions from energy use to capture and use methane | (2) | $PE_{ME} = CONS_{ELEC,PJ} \times CEF_{ELEC,PJ}$ |
| P3 PE _{MD} | Project emissions from methane destroyed | (3) | $PE_{MD} = (MD_{FL} + MD_{ELEC} + MD_{HEAT}) \times (CEF_{CH4} + r \times CEF_{NMHC})$ |
| P4 PE _{UM} | Project emissions from uncombusted methane | (9) | $PE_{UM} = GWP_{CH4} \times [MM_{ELEC} \times (1 - Eff_{ELEC}) + MM_{HEAT} \times (1 - Eff_{HEAT})] + PE_{Flare}$ |
| P5 CONS _{ELEC,PJ} | Additional electricity consumption by project | (31) | $CONS_{ELEC} = GEN_{CHP} * 0.035$ |
| PE _{Flare} | Project emissions from flaring | (9a) | $PE_{Flare} = (MM_{F1} - MD_{F1}) \times GWP_{CH4}$ |
| P11 MD _{FL} | Methane destroyed by flaring | (5) | $MD_{FL} = \sum_{i=1}^n MM_{FL,i} \times \eta_{flare,i}$ |
| P14 MD _{ELEC} | Methane destroyed by power generation | (6) | $MD_{ELEC} = MM_{ELEC} \times Eff_{ELEC}$ |
| P15 MM _{ELEC} | Methane sent to power generation | (6a) | $MM_{ELEC} = MM_{CHP} + MM_{EPG}$ |
| P17 MD _{HEAT} | Methane destroyed by heat generation | (7) | $MD_{HEAT} = MM_{HEAT} \times Eff_{HEAT}$ |
| P18 MM _{HEAT} | Methane sent to heat generation | (7a) | $MM_{HEAT} = MM_{WBOIL} + MM_{SBOIL} + MM_{VAH}$ |
| P27 r | Relative proportion of NMHC compared to methane | (4) | $r = PC_{NMHC} / PC_{CH4}$ |
| B1 BE | Baseline emissions | (10) | $BE = BE_{MR} + BE_{Use}$ |
| B3 BE _{MR} | Baseline emissions from release of methane into the atmosphere that is avoided by the project activity | (14) | $BE_{MR} = CMM_{PJ} \times GWP_{CH4}$ |
| B4 BE _{Use} | Baseline emissions from the production of power, heat or supply to gas grid replaced by the project activity | (24) | $BE_{Use} = GEN \times EF_{ELEC} + (HEAT / Eff_{COAL}) \times EF_{HEAT}$ |
| B14 CMM _{PJ} | CMM captured in the project activity | (14a) | $CMM_{PJ} = MM_{FL} + MM_{ELEC} + MM_{HEAT}$ |

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| | | | |
|---------------------|---|------|---|
| B46 GEN | Electricity generation by project | (27) | $GEN = GEN_{CHP} + GEN_{EPG}$ |
| GEN _{EPG} | Electricity generation by emergency power generator | (28) | $GEN_{EPG} = MM_{EPG} \times Eff_{ELEC} \times Eff_{EPG} \times HV_{CH_4}$ |
| B47 HEAT | Heat generation by project | (25) | $HEAT = HEAT_{WBoil} + HEAT_{SBoil} + HEAT_{VAH}$ |
| HEAT _{VAH} | Heat generation by VAH | (26) | $HEAT_{VAH} = MM_{VAH} \times Eff_{HEAT} \times Eff_{VAH} \times HV_{CH_4}$ |
| ER | Emission reductions | (18) | $ER = BE - PE$ |
| MM _{CHP} | Methane sent to cogeneration unit | (29) | $MM_{CHP} = \frac{GEN_{CHP}}{Eff_{ELEC} \times HV_{CH_4}}$ |
| Eff _{CHP} | efficiency of power generation in cogeneration unit | (30) | $Eff_{CHP} = \frac{GEN_{CHP}}{MM_{CHP} \times HV_{CH_4}}$ |

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D.2. Description and consideration of measurement uncertainties and error propagation:

Some minor errors which have been identified in hand written operation journals have been corrected. Mistakes were made during the writing the DATA from the monitor into journals. During checking the DATA, the monitoring engineer has made adjustments to the time of measurement, namely: record the exact time (hours and minutes).

D.3. GHG emission reductions (referring to B.2. of this document):

D.3.1. Comparison:

| Period | Prospected emission reductions, PDD [t CO _{2eq}] | | Monitored emission reductions [t CO _{2eq}] | |
|------------------------|--|--|--|--------------|
| | Full year | Proportionally for the monitoring period | in tonnes and percentage of prospected emissions | |
| 01/04/2010-31/12/2010 | 172,692 (2010) | 129,519 | 52,227 | 40.3% |
| 01/01/2011-15/03/2011 | 172,555 (2011) | 35,949 | 15,198 | 42.2% |
| Total 2010-2011 | | 165,468 | 67,425 | 40.7% |

The monitored values are significantly lower than the prospected values, because of the lower gas amount produced by the coal mine. See A.3. for justification.

D.3.2 Monitored project emissions

| Monitored project emissions [t CO _{2eq} / a] | | | |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| period | 01/04/2010-31/12/2010 | 01/01/2011-15/03/2011 | Total 2010-2011 |
| methane destruction | | | |
| flaring | 1,783 | 0 | 1,783 |
| heat generation | 2,913 | 1,999 | 4,912 |
| power generation | 2,744 | 2 | 2,746 |
| additional power consumption | | | |
| power generation | 157 | 0 | 157 |
| Total | 7,597 | 2,001 | 9,598 |

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D.3.3 Monitored baseline emissions

| Monitored baseline emissions [t CO2eq / a] | | | |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| period | 01/04/2010-31/12/2010 | 01/01/2011-15/03/2011 | Total 2010-2011 |
| release of methane that is avoided by the project | | | |
| flaring | 12,108 | 0 | 12,108 |
| heat generation | 21,533 | 14,777 | 36,310 |
| power generation | 20,281 | 13 | 20,294 |
| production of heat that is displaced by the project | 1,418 | 2,406 | 3,824 |
| production of power that is displaced by the project | 4,484 | 3 | 4,487 |
| Total | 59,824 | 17,199 | 77,023 |

D.3.4

Table E-6 – Project emissions and emission reductions during the 2st verification period

| period | Monitored project emissions (tonnes of CO2 equivalent) | Monitored leakage (tonnes of CO2 equivalent) | Monitored baseline emissions (tonnes of CO2 equivalent) | Monitored emissions reductions (tonnes of CO2 equivalent) |
|---|--|--|---|---|
| 01/04/2010-31/12/2010 | 7,597 | - | 59,824 | 52,227 |
| 01/01/2011-15/03/2011 | 2,001 | - | 17,199 | 15,198 |
| Total (tonnes of CO2 equivalent) | 9,598 | - | 77,023 | 67,425 |

The total GHG emission reduction for the monitoring period 01/04/2010-15/03/2011 is 67 425 t CO2eq.

This monitoring report has been prepared by Eco-Alliance.
Responsible person: Viktor Avtonomov

Kyiv, 19/05/2011

Annex 1**REFERENCES**

- [PDD], Project Design Document; Version 07, dated 2009-08-06
- [IPCC], Revised 1996 IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories, Reference Manual (Volume 3), Chapter Energy, 1.4.1 Unoxidized Carbon, Page 1.32, 1996, <http://www.ipcc-nggip.iges.or.jp/public/gl/invs6a.htm>
- [IPCC-2], IPCC - Terms of Reference, Chapter1, Introduction, Source of Categories, Table 1.2
- [ACM0008], Approved consolidated baseline methodology ACM0008 – Consolidated baseline methodology for coal bed methane and coal mine methane capture and use for power (electrical or motive) and heat and/or destruction by flaring, version 03, EB28
<http://cdm.unfccc.int/methodologies/PAmethodologies/approved.html>
- [AM_Tool_07], Methodological “Tool to determine project emissions from flaring gases containing methane”, EB 28, Meeting report, Annex 13
- Final Determination Report for the project: JI0077 CMM utilisation on the coal mine Shcheglovskaya-Glubokaya of the State Holding Joint-Stock Company „GOAO Shakhtoupravlenye Donbass“ Report No: 2008-1321 Rev 02, by DNV Det Norske Veritas, dated 2009-08-07
- The project is approved as JI-project since 08/12/2009
(http://ji.unfccc.int/JI_Projects/DeterAndVerif/Verification/FinDet.html)
Registration numbers UA2000015, JI0077
- Letter of Approval, Nr. M000015, issued on 2008-03-26 by the Ukraine (host party)
- Letter of Approval, Nr. 2008JI04, issued on 2008-04-22 by the Kingdom of the Netherlands (investor party)
- Determination and verification manual (version 01), undated
<http://ji.unfccc.int/Ref/Guida/index.html>
- further supporting evidence documents provided by the coal mine

Annex 2

Technical drawing

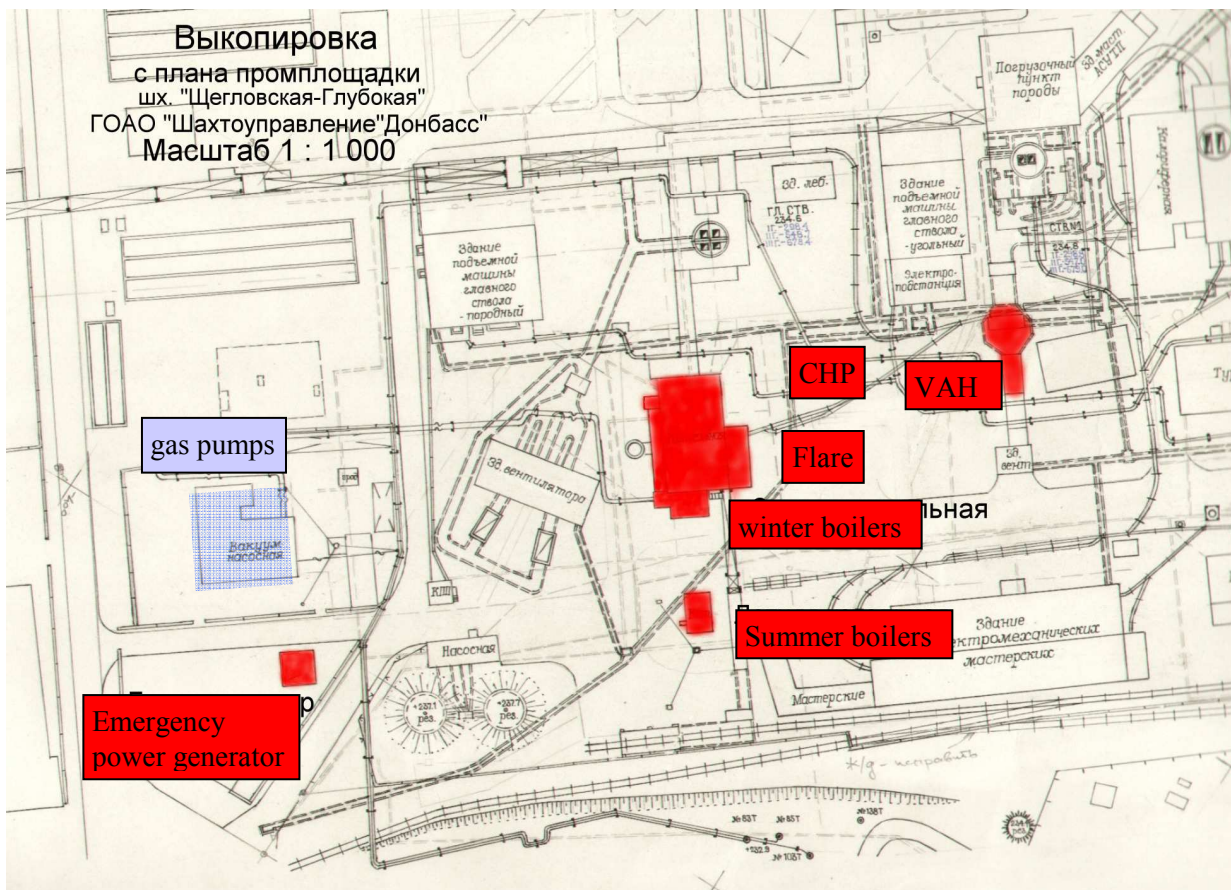


Figure-2 Installation scheme – Coal Mine Shcheglovskaya-Glubokaya

Annex 3

Energy and material flowchart including metering positions

The electronically data storage system is fully in operation. Manual records (journals) are still used by the coal mine and can be taken for backup.

The heat produced by the VAH and the power produced by the emergency power generator are not recorded with meters but calculated using the utilised methane amount.

Two additional CH₄ meters are installed in the central suction system. The measurements results are recorded in hand written journals and can be taken as plausibility measurement.

The general installation scheme is given in Figure-3. The ID's given in Figure-3 are corresponding to the ID's in Table-5.

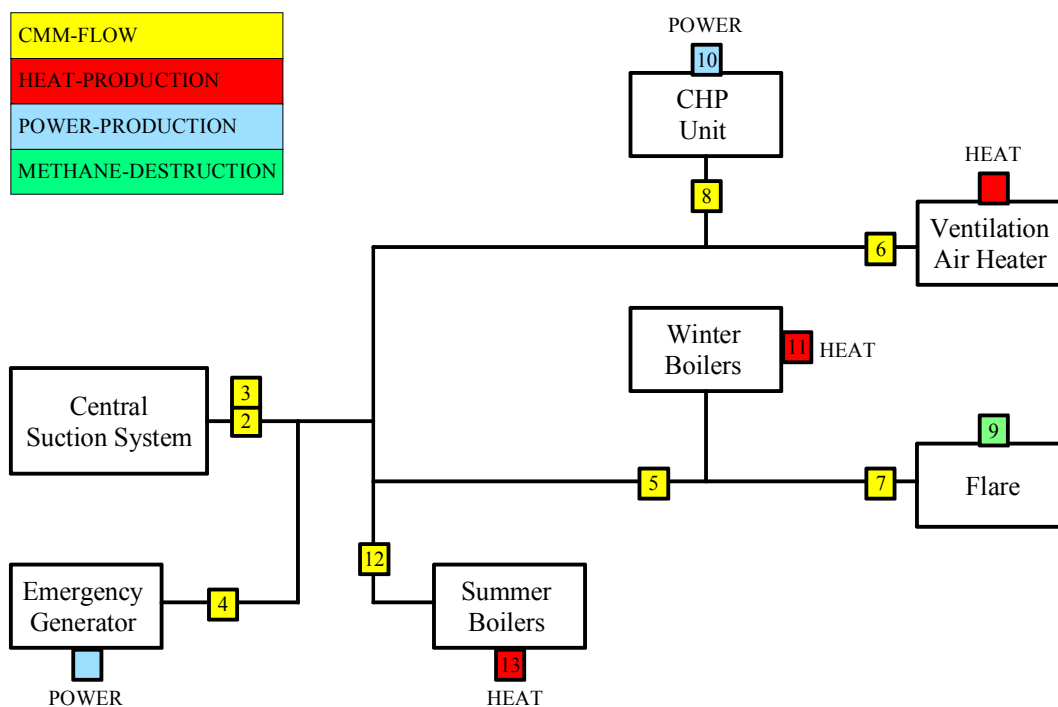


Figure-3 Installation scheme and positioning of the meters

The flare and the cogeneration unit have been equipped with an similar electronically monitoring system. The monitoring plan applied during the monitoring period is according to the PDD. See Figure-4

CMM from central suction system

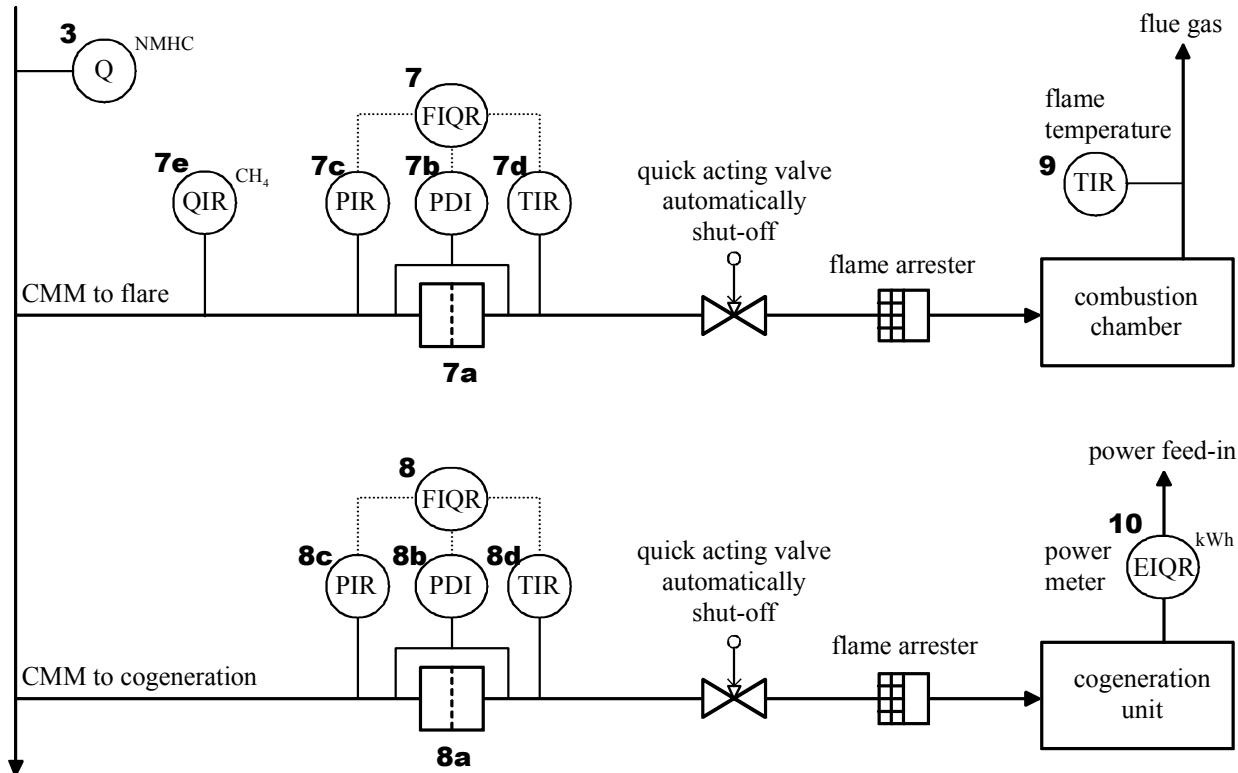


Figure -4 Installation scheme and positioning of the meters, flare and CHP

CMM from central suction system

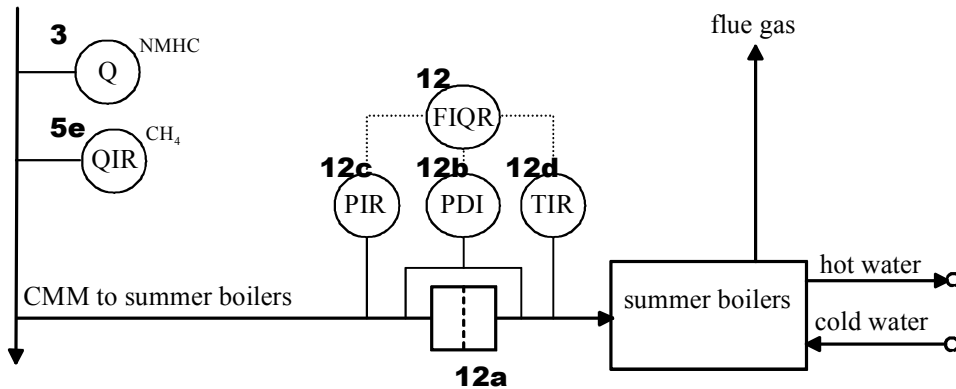


Figure -5 Installation scheme and positioning of the meters, summer boilers

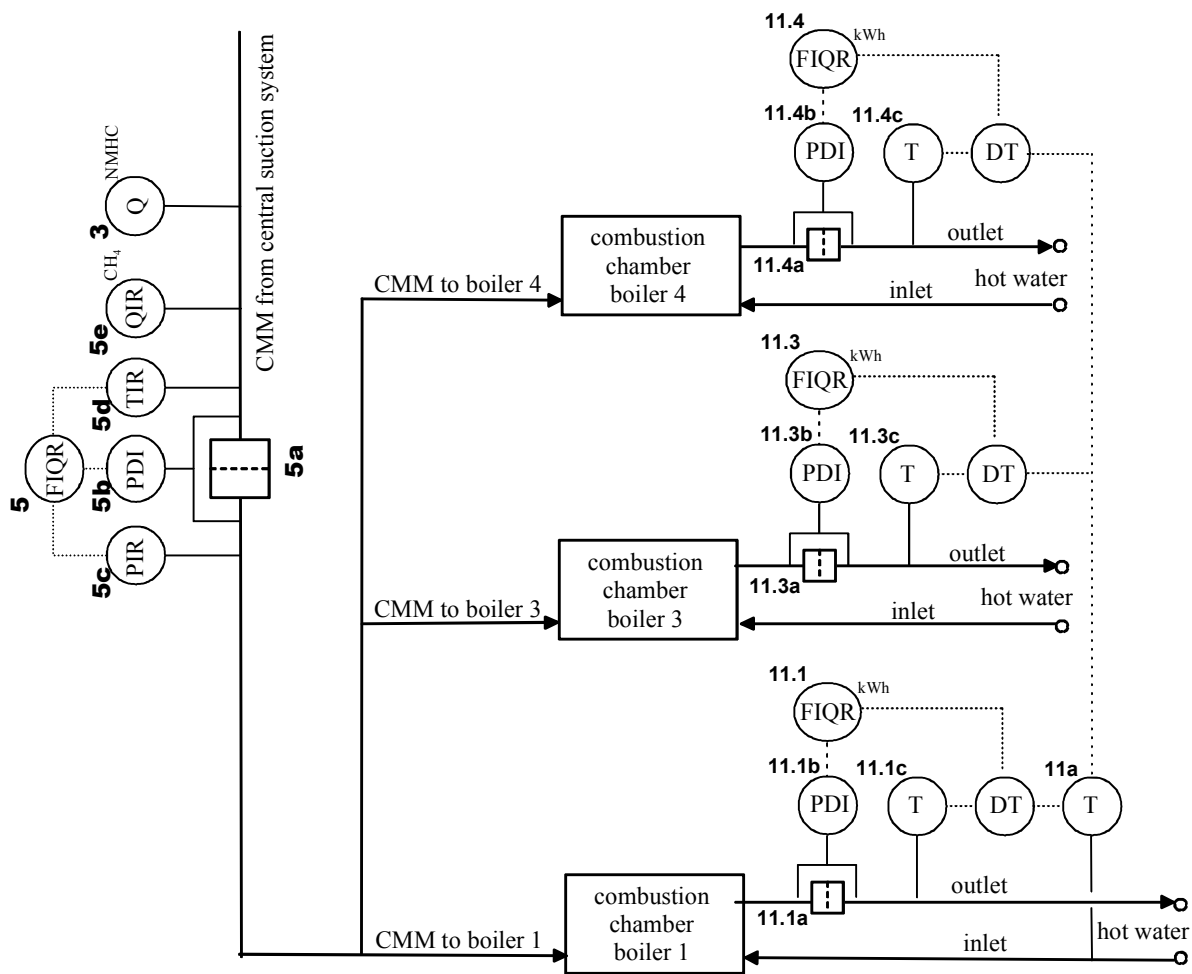


Figure -6 Installation scheme and positioning of the meters, winter boilers 1, 3 and 4

Annex 4

Deviation from the monitoring plan as stated in the PDD

A4.1 Project emissions from flaring

The formula for the calculation of project emissions from uncombusted methane has been updated. The calculation of project emissions from uncombusted methane from flaring are now more accurate.

In the PDD the formula for project emissions from uncombusted methane is given as per:

$$PE_{UM} = GWP_{CH_4} \times [(MM_{FL} \times (1 - Eff_{FL}) + MM_{ELEC} \times (1 - Eff_{ELEC}) + MM_{HEAT} \times (1 - Eff_{HEAT})] \quad (9) \text{ old}$$

In the revised monitoring plan the formula (9) has been replaced by the following formula:

$$PE_{UM} = GWP_{CH_4} \times [MM_{ELEC} \times (1 - Eff_{ELEC}) + MM_{HEAT} \times (1 - Eff_{HEAT})] + PE_{flare} \quad (9) \text{ new}$$

PE_{Flare} is calculated using adopted formulae from the «Methodological “Tool to determine project emissions from flaring gases containing methane”» [AM_Tool_07] and ACM0008 Version 5. The original formulae refers to a yearly basis. The formulae have been adapted in the revised monitoring plan to variable monitoring periods:

The original formulae are:

$$PE_{flare} = \sum_{i=1}^n TM_{RG,i} \times (1 - \eta_{flare,i}) \times \frac{GWP_{CH_4}}{1000} \quad (9a)$$

where:

- PE_{flare} Project emissions from flaring in the regarded period (t CO₂eq)
- TM_{RG,i} Mass flow rate of methane in the regarded interval i (kg/interval)
- η_{flare,i} flare efficiency in the interval i
- GWP_{CH₄} Global warming potential of methane (21 tCO₂eq/tCH₄)
- n number of samples (intervals) in the regarded period

and

$$MD_{FL} = MM_{FL} - (PE_{flare}/GWP_{CH_4}) \quad (5)$$

where:

- MD_{FL} Methane destroyed through flaring in the regarded period (t CH₄)
- MM_{FL} Methane sent to flaring in the regarded period (t CH₄)
- PE_{flare} Project emissions from flaring in the regarded period (t CO₂eq)
- GWP_{CH₄} Global warming potential of methane (21 tCO₂eq/tCH₄)

In the revised monitoring plan and this monitoring report, formulae 9a and 5, see above have been resolved to fit better to the monitored data.

The project emissions from flaring are calculated using the equation:

$$PE_{flare} = (MM_{FI} - MD_{FL}) * GWP_{CH_4} \quad (9a)$$

where:

- PE_{flare} Project emissions from flaring in the regarded period (t CO₂eq)

MD_{ELEC} Methane destroyed through power generation (t CH₄)
 MM_{ELEC} Methane measured sent to power plant (t CH₄)
 GWP_{CH4} Global warming potential of methane (21 tCO₂eq/tCH₄)

The formula for the methane destroyed through flaring is:

$$MD_{FL} = \sum_{i=1}^n MM_{FL,i} \times \eta_{flare,i} \tag{5}$$

where:

MD_{FL} Methane destroyed through flaring (t CH₄)
 MM_{FL,i} Methane sent to flaring in the interval i (t CH₄)
 η_{flare,i} Efficiency of methane destruction/oxidation in flare in the interval i, see below
 n number of samples (intervals) in the regarded period

The interval is set to 15 min during the monitoring period, which is more accurate than the 1 h intervals from the «Methodological “Tool to determine project emissions from flaring gases containing methane”» [AM_Tool_07])

For η_{flare,i} three different values are taken, depending on the current combustion temperature T_{Flame,i} of the flare in the interval i:

| T _{Flame,i} | η _{flare,i} | Source |
|----------------------|----------------------|--|
| > 850°C | 99.5% | [PDD, revised monitoring plan Section D.1.1 and Annex 3] |
| 500-850°C | 90.0% | [AM_Tool_07-15] |
| < 500°C | 0% | [AM_Tool_07-15] |

where:

T_{Flame,i} Flame temperature of the flare in the regarded interval i (°C)
 η_{flare,i} flare efficiency in the interval i

A.4.2 Cogeneration unit

The power amount of the cogeneration is counted a mechanical counter (NZR). Daily readings are recorded manually in a journal. There is also an electronically power rating meter (KMU) built-in in the cogeneration engine. For the determination of the power amount produced the electronically recorded values are taken (KMU). The difference between the both power meters is negligible.

During the first month of the monitoring period (April 2010), the data acquisition system was disturbed, so that no reasonable electronically data for power production (KMU) and methane amount consumed by the unit are available. For this period manually recorded data from the NZR journal have been taken for the power production.

The methane amount utilised in April 2010 has been recalculated using the produced power amount (NZR) and the average power generation efficiency determined from the later steady operation period.

$$MM_{CHP} = \frac{GEN_{CHP}}{Eff_{ELEC} \times HV_{CH4}} \quad (29)$$

with

MM_{CHP} Methane amount utilised by the cogeneration unit in the specific period [t CH₄]
 GEN_{CHP} Electricity produced by the project [MWh]
 Eff_{CHP} efficiency of power generation [%] recalculated from later steady operation period
 HV_{CH4} heating value of methane [9.965 kWh/m³, equal to 13.899 MWh/t]

The efficiency of power generation in the cogeneration unit is recalculated from later steady operation period:

$$Eff_{CHP} = \frac{GEN_{CHP}}{MM_{CHP} \times HV_{CH4}} \quad (30)$$

with

Eff_{CHP} efficiency of power generation
 GEN_{CHP} Electricity produced by the project in the specific period [MWh]
 MM_{CHP} Methane amount utilised by the cogeneration unit in the specific period [t CH₄]
 HV_{CH4} heating value of methane [9.965 kWh/m³, equal to 13.899 MWh/t]

The cogeneration unit needs additional power especially for the cooling fans. The power amount consumed by the power generation units is taken into account as $CONS_{ELEC,PJ}$. The additional energy is not measured with power meters, but calculated using a fixed percentage of the produced power. The percentage has been fixed to 3.5% based on experience made with more than 120 cogeneration units in Germany.

$$CONS_{ELEC} = GEN_{CHP} * 0.035 \quad (31)$$

A.4.3 Emergency Power Cogeneration unit

The power amount of the emergency power generator has not been counted. The electricity production has been recalculated using the methane amount consumed by the unit and the power efficiency as given in the PDD.

$$GEN_{EPG} = MM_{EPG} \times Eff_{ELEC} \times Eff_{EPG} \times HV_{CH4} \quad (28)$$

with

GEN_{EPG} electricity produced by the project [MWh]
 MM_{EPG} methane amount sent to emergency power generation, measured with flow meter [t CH₄]
 Eff_{ELEC} efficiency of methane destruction/oxidisation in power plant, set to 99.5% (ACM0008/IPCC)
 Eff_{EPG} efficiency of emergency power generation; set to 36% as given in the PDD
 HV_{CH4} heating value of methane [9.965 kWh/m³, equal to 13.899 MWh/t]

A4.4 Heat generation by summer boilers and VAH

The heat amount produced by the VAH has not been measured but calculated using the utilised CH₄ amount and the VAH efficiency.

$$\text{HEAT}_{\text{VAH}} = \text{MM}_{\text{VAH}} \times \text{Eff}_{\text{HEAT}} \times \text{Eff}_{\text{VAH}} \times \text{HV}_{\text{CH}_4} \quad (25)$$

with

| | |
|----------------------------|---|
| HEAT_{VAH} | heat generated by the ventilation air heater [MWh] |
| MM_{VAH} | methane amount sent to ventilation air heater [t CH ₄] |
| Eff_{HEAT} | Efficiency of methane destruction/oxidation in heat plant (take as 99.5% from ACM0008/IPCC) |
| Eff_{VAH} | efficiency of heat production in ventilation air heater; set to 97.25% |
| HV_{CH_4} | heating value of methane [9.965 kWh/m ³ , equal to 13.899 MWh/t] |

Annex 5**Differences between the determined PDD and implemented project**

There are some differences between the determined PDD and implemented project. The conditions defined by paragraph 33 of the JI guidelines are still met for the project.

- The physical location of the project has not changed.
- The emission sources have not changed.
- The baseline scenario has not changed.
- The changes are consistent with the JI specific approach and/or the clean development mechanism (CDM) methodology upon which the determination was prepared for the project.

The differences of the project installation as described in the PDD and the implemented project are listed in the table below.

| unit | Difference | justification |
|-----------------------------|---|---|
| Winter boilers No: 1, 3 & 4 | missing monitoring system | The installation of the monitoring system was delayed due to lacking funds and has been completed in February 2010. |
| Summer boilers No: 1 & 2 | missing monitoring system | The installation of the monitoring system was delayed due to lacking funds and has been completed in June 2010. |
| flare No: 1 | changed firing capacity 10 MW instead of 5 MW | In the PDD a flaring capacity of 5 MW was given. The installed flare has originally a capacity of up to 8.525 MW and has been slightly modified to reach an extended capacity of up to 10 MW. This allowed a higher utilisation of CH ₄ in the beginning of the project while the installation of the other units was delayed. The flare has shut down production in October 2010 and has been moved to the JI-Project Coal Mine Nr.22 Kommunarskaya in November 2010 of the same project owner, due to lacking gas amount. |
| flare No: 2 | delay / pending | The installation of the second was delayed due to lacking funds due to delayed project registration. The installation is now pending due to lacking gas amount. |
| ventilation air heater | missing monitoring system | The installation of the monitoring system was delayed due to lacking funds and has been completed in February 2010. |

Annex 6**History of the Document**

| Version | Date | Nature of Revision |
|----------------|---------------|---------------------------|
| 1 | 8 March 2011 | Initial adoption |
| 2 | 1 April 2011 | Updated version |
| 3 | 21 April 2011 | Revised version |
| 4 | 12 May 2011 | Revised version |
| 5 | 19 May 2011 | Revised version |